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QIAseq[®] xHYB *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* Panel Handbook

Sample to Insight[®] solution for high-throughput targeted next-generation sequencing of microbial samples

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Kit Contents

| Component Part Number | Component Name | 334502 | 334512 | 334505 | 334525 | 334535 | 334545 | 334555 |
|-----------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | QIAseq xHYB Microbial Hyb Kit (24) | QIAseq xHYB Microbial Hyb+Lib Kit (24) | QIAseq xHYB Microbial Hyb Kit (96) | QIAseq xHYB Microbial Hyb+Lib Kit A (96) | QIAseq xHYB Microbial Hyb+Lib Kit B (96) | QIAseq xHYB Microbial Hyb+Lib Kit C (96) | QIAseq xHYB Microbial Hyb+Lib Kit D (96) |
| 1120145 | QIAseq FX DNA Library Core Kit (24) | - | 1 pc | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1120146 | QIAseq FX DNA Library Core Kit (96) | - | - | - | 1 pc | 1 pc | 1 pc | 1 pc |
| 180310 | QIAseq UDI Y-Adapter Kit (24) | - | 1 pc | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1134212 | QIAseq xHYB Microbial Reagents, Box 1 (24) | 1 pc | 1 pc | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1124971 | QIAseq xHYB Box 2 (24) | 1 pc | 1 pc | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1124972 | QIAseq xHYB Box 3 (24) | 1 pc | 1 pc | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1134211 | QIAseq xHYB Microbial Reagents, Box 1 (96) | - | - | 1 pc | 1 pc | 1 pc | 1 pc | 1 pc |
| 1124977 | QIAseq xHYB Box 2 (96) | - | - | 1 pc | 1 pc | 1 pc | 1 pc | 1 pc |

| Component Part Number | Component Name | 334502 | 334512 | 334505 | 334525 | 334535 | 334545 | 334555 |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | QIAseq xHYB Microbial Hyb Kit (24) | QIAseq xHYB Microbial Hyb+Lib Kit (24) | QIAseq xHYB Microbial Hyb Kit (96) | QIAseq xHYB Microbial Hyb+Lib Kit A (96) | QIAseq xHYB Microbial Hyb+Lib Kit B (96) | QIAseq xHYB Microbial Hyb+Lib Kit C (96) | QIAseq xHYB Microbial Hyb+Lib Kit D (96) |
| 1124978 | QIAseq xHYB Box 3 (96) | – | – | 1 pc | 1 pc | 1 pc | 1 pc | 1 pc |
| 180312 | QIAseq UDI Y-Adapter Kit A (96) | – | – | – | 1 pc | – | – | – |
| 180314 | QIAseq UDI Y-Adapter Kit B (96) | – | – | – | – | 1 pc | – | – |
| 180316 | QIAseq UDI Y-Adapter Kit C (96) | – | – | – | – | – | 1 pc | – |
| 180318 | QIAseq UDI Y-Adapter Kit D (96) | – | – | – | – | – | – | 1 pc |

QIAseq xHYB Microbial Reagents, Box 1

No. of Hybridization Reactions

Typical No. of samples

(24)

1134212

6

24

(96)

1134211

24

96

| | | |
|--------------------------------|------------|-------------|
| Post Hybrid-Capture PCR Mix 2x | 660 µL × 1 | 660 µL × 3 |
| Primer Mix Illumina® Libr. Amp | 20 µL × 2 | 180 µL × 1 |
| Hyb Mix | 150 µL × 1 | 580 µL × 1 |
| One-4-All Blocking Solution | 15 µL × 2 | 60 µL × 2 |
| One-4-All Blocking Oligos | 24 µL × 2 | 96 µL × 2 |
| Vapor-Lock | 500 µL × 1 | 500 µL × 2 |
| Hyb Elute Buffer | 400 µL × 1 | 1590 µL × 1 |
| Enhanced Blocking Buffer | 18 µL × 1 | 85 µL × 1 |

| QIAseq xHYB Box 2 | (24) 1124971 | (96) 1124977 |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Microbial RP | 30 µL × 1 | 116 µL × 1 |
| BC3 buffer | 48 µL × 1 | 384 µL × 1 |
| RI RNase Inhibitor | 12 µL × 2 | 144 µL × 1 |
| EZ Reverse Transcriptase | 36 µL × 1 | 150 µL × 1 |
| XC buffer, 10x | 24 µL × 2 | 192 µL × 1 |
| RH RNase | 12 µL × 2 | 96 µL × 1 |
| dNTP | 12 µL × 2 | 96 µL × 1 |
| BX enzyme | 12 µL × 2 | 96 µL × 1 |
| UPH Ligation Buffer | 288 µL × 2 | 1152 µL × 2 |
| Lib Amp Blocker | 30 µL × 1 | 116 µL × 1 |

| QIAseq xHYB Box 3 | (24) 1124972 | (96) 1124978 |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Binding Buffer | 6.25 mL × 1 | 25 mL × 1 |
| Wash Buffer 1 | 3.25 mL × 1 | 13 mL × 1 |
| Wash Buffer 2 | 5.0 mL × 1 | 19 mL × 1 |
| Streptavidin Binding Beads | 300 µL × 2 | 1200 µL × 2 |
| QIAseq Beads | 10 mL × 1 | 38.4 mL × 1 |
| Nuclease-Free Water | 10 mL × 1 | 50 mL × 1 |

Panel Name

Catalog No.

Mycobacterium tuberculosis Panel

XMC-007Z

| | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| QIAseq xHYB Microbial Panel | (24) | (96) |
| Catalog. no. | 334562 | 334565 |
| No. of Hybridization Reactions | 6 | 24 |
| Typical No. of samples | 24 | 96 |
| QIAseq xHYB Panel, probes | 30 µL x 1 | 116 µL x 1 |

| | | |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| QIAseq FX DNA Library Core Kit | (24) | (96) |
| Catalog no. | 1120145 | 1120146 |
| Number of reactions | 24 | 96 |
| FX Enzyme Mix (violet cap) | 1 tube | 1 tube |
| FX Buffer, 10x (blue cap) | 1 tube | 1 tube |
| FX Enhancer (black cap) | 1 tube | 1 tube |
| DNA Ligase (red cap) | 1 tube | 1 tube |
| DNA Ligase Buffer, 5x (yellow cap) | 1 tube | 2 tubes |
| RNase-Free Water (clear cap) | 2 tubes | 3 tubes |
| HiFi PCR Master Mix, 2x (green cap) | 2 tubes | 2 tubes |
| Primer Mix Illumina Library Amp, 10 µM (clear cap) | 2 tubes | 1 tube |

| | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| QIAseq UDI Y-Adapter Kit | UDI (24) | UDI A (96) | UDI B (96) | UDI C (96) | UDI D (96) |
| Catalog no. | 180310 | 180312 | 180314 | 180316 | 180318 |
| Number of reactions | 24 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 |
| Adapter plate | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Reference card | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

Shipping and Storage

The QIAseq xHYB *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* Library Kits are shipped in three boxes. Boxes 1 and 2 are shipped on dry ice or blue ice, and Box 3 is shipped on blue ice. Upon receipt, all the components in Boxes 1 and 2 should be stored immediately at -30°C to -15°C in a constant-temperature freezer. All the components in Box 3, the beads, and wash buffers should be stored immediately at $2-8^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Intended Use

The QIAseq xHYB *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* Library Kits are intended for molecular biology applications. These products are not intended for the diagnosis, prevention, or treatment of a disease.

All due care and attention should be exercised in the handling of the products. We recommend all users of QIAGEN® products to adhere to the NIH guidelines that have been developed for recombinant DNA experiments, or to other applicable guidelines.

Safety Information

When working with chemicals, always wear a suitable lab coat, disposable gloves, and protective goggles. For more information, please consult the appropriate safety data sheets (SDSs). These are available online in convenient and compact PDF format at www.qiagen.com/safety, where you can find, view, and print the SDS for each QIAGEN kit and kit component.

Quality Control

In accordance with QIAGEN's ISO-certified Quality Management System, each lot of the QIAseq xHYB Library Kit is tested against predetermined specifications to ensure consistent product quality.

Introduction

Mycobacterium tuberculosis is a species of pathogenic bacteria that is the causative agent of tuberculosis (TB) and has been a persistent threat to human health for centuries. This slow-growing, aerobic bacterium primarily infects the lungs but can also attack any part of the body such as the kidney, urinary tract, spine, and brain. TB remains a global health concern, with over 10 million new cases and over 1 million deaths reported annually, making it one of the leading causes of death worldwide.

The health implications of *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* infection are substantial, ranging from respiratory symptoms such as persistent cough, chest pain, and hemoptysis to more severe complications, including lung tissue damage, disseminated infection, and even death if left untreated. The bacterium can spread through the air when an infected individual coughs or sneezes, making it highly contagious. Factors such as compromised immune systems, crowded living conditions, and inadequate healthcare access contribute to the persistence of TB as a public health challenge.

One of the major concerns in the management of tuberculosis is the emergence of antibiotic resistance. *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* has demonstrated the ability to develop resistance to the drugs commonly used in standard TB treatment regimens. Multidrug-resistant tuberculosis (MDR-TB) and extensively drug-resistant tuberculosis (XDR-TB) pose serious challenges, complicating treatment and increasing the risk of treatment failure. The rise of antibiotic-resistant strains underscores the need for advanced molecular techniques to understand the genetic variations within *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* populations.

To address the challenges posed by antibiotic resistance and gain a comprehensive understanding of the genetic diversity within *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*, targeted enrichment through hybrid capture plays a crucial role in whole genome sequencing (WGS). Hybrid capture is a powerful technique that enables the selective enrichment of the *Mycobacterium*

tuberculosis genome, allowing for deep genomic sequencing without culture saving valuable time.

By employing targeted enrichment through hybrid capture in whole genome sequencing, researchers and public-health professionals can obtain detailed genomic information about *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* infections. This knowledge is invaluable for studying the genetic basis of antibiotic resistance, identifying potential drug targets, developing more effective strategies for TB control, and tracking of infections. Ultimately, the integration of advanced sequencing technologies with targeted enrichment techniques contributes to ongoing efforts to combat the global burden of tuberculosis and address the challenges posed by emerging antibiotic-resistant strains.

The QIAseq xHYB *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* Library Kit is used to prepare samples for NGS, and then amplified and indexed using the QIAseq FX DNA Library Kit with Unique Dual Indexes (UDIs). Hybrid capture enriches for the target sequence while allowing tolerance for mismatches that may occur in non-annotated or emerging strains. The QIAseq xHYB *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* Panel utilizes targeted Whole Genome Enrichment (WGE) of TB by tiling hybrid capture probes across the entire TB genome. The panel is designed against all 7 lineages of *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* and enables culture-free WGS of TB.

Principle and procedure

The QIAseq xHYB panels utilizes a workflow that consists of library construction followed by hybrid capture for targeted enrichment of the entire *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* genome directly from samples without culturing.

A. Schematic of QIAseq FX DNA Library Kit Workflow

DNA microbial sample



B. Schematic of hybridization targeted enrichment



Figure 1. Scheme of optimized QIAseq xHYB library construction and target enrichment. (A) The QIAseq xHYB workflow illustrating library construction using the QIAseq FX DNA Library Kit. Excess adapters are removed by QIAseq bead cleanup. **(B)** The purified libraries are then pooled and concentrated by drying down. The dried-down libraries are hybridized with biotinylated probes overnight. After washing, library amplification and a QIAseq bead cleanup result in sequencing-ready libraries.

QIAseq FX DNA Library construction

Purified genomic DNA is converted to Illumina-compatible NGS libraries using the QIAseq FX DNA Library Kit. Purified double-stranded DNA products are enzymatically sheared, the fragmented DNA is end-repaired, and an “A” is added to the 3’-end. The product is ready for adapter ligation where Illumina-platform–specific adapters are ligated to both ends of the DNA fragments. The adapters contain the necessary sequences to allow libraries to bind to the flow-cell for sequencing. Following adapter ligation, the libraries are purified using QIAseq Beads,

which remove any free adapters. The libraries are then amplified to generate sufficient yields that will go into the hybrid capture reaction.

Hybrid capture targeted enrichment

The purified libraries are pooled according to qPCR results so that samples with similar *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* bacterial load are in the same pool. This allows for more even distribution of reads among the samples. A calculator is provided to guide the pooling. In addition, Enhanced Blocking Buffer is added to further prevent non-specific hybridization. The pooled libraries are then dried down using a SpeedVac system, or alternatively, via QIAseq Beads. The dried-down pooled libraries are then resuspended and denatured. Meanwhile, in a separate tube, the QIAseq xHYB panel is mixed with Hybridization Mix and denatured. After both the pooled libraries and QIAseq xHYB panel cool, the xHYB panel is added to the pooled libraries and this is placed overnight in a thermal cycler where the probes will hybridize to the targets. After overnight incubation, the biotinylated probes, along with any captured products, are bound to streptavidin-coated beads. The bound probes and streptavidin beads are washed to remove any unbound library fragments and the streptavidin-bound library is resuspended with Hyb Elute Buffer. A post-hybrid capture amplification is performed to convert single-stranded DNA into Illumina sequencer-compatible double-stranded libraries. A final QIAseq Beads purification is performed, and final libraries are ready for sequencing.

Next-generation sequencing

After the QIAseq xHYB Libraries have been quantified with the QIAseq Library Quant Array or Assay Kit, the libraries are compatible with Illumina NGS platforms including iSeq® 100, MiniSeq®, MiSeq®, NextSeq® 500/550, NextSeq 1000/2000, HiSeq® 1000, HiSeq 1500, HiSeq 2000, HiSeq 2500, HiSeq 3000/4000, NovaSeq® 6000, and NovaSeq® X. When using Illumina NGS systems, 149 bp paired-end reads are required.

Important: As a starting point, we recommend allocating at least 2M clusters per sample. Table 13 and Table 14 describe the number of samples that can be multiplexed and the desired coverage.

Data analysis

Downstream data analysis is available through CLC Genomics Workbench (<https://digitalinsights.qiagen.com/products-overview/discovery-insights-portfolio/analysis-and-visualization/qiagen-clc-genomics-workbench/>). A report will be generated including consensus sequence, lineage, spoligotyping, drug resistance mutations, and allele frequency.

Equipment and Reagents to be Supplied by User

When working with chemicals, always wear a suitable lab coat, disposable gloves, and protective goggles. For more information, consult the appropriate safety data sheets (SDSs), available from the product supplier.

Required products

- QIAseq FX DNA Library UDI Kit (QIAGEN, cat. No. 180477, 180479, 180480, 180481, or 180482)
- **Preferred Library Quantification Method:** qPCR instrument and QIAseq Library Quant System: GeneRead Library Quant Array (QIAGEN, cat. No. 333304) or QIAseq Library Quant Assay Kit (QIAGEN, cat. No. 333314)

Consumables and reagents

- Nuclease-free pipette tips and tubes
- 1.5 mL LoBind® tubes (Eppendorf, cat. No. 022431021)
- PCR tubes (0.2 mL individual tubes or tubes strips) (VWR, cat. No. 20170-012 or 93001-118)
- Ice
- 100 % ethanol (ACS grade)
- Nuclease-Free Water

Laboratory equipment

- Single-channel pipettor
- Multichannel pipettor
- Microcentrifuge
- Thermal cycler

- Vortexer
- Magnetic rack for 1.5 mL or 2 mL tubes (DynaMag™-2 ThermoFisher Scientific 12321D or equivalent) or Magnetic separation rack for 96-well plates (DynaMag-96 Side Magnet, ThermoFisher cat. No. 12331D or equivalent)

Note: if using Magnetic separation rack for 96-well plates, then DynaMag-2 (or equivalent) is also required for the streptavidin bead capture.

- Vacuum Concentrator (Thermo Fisher Scientific, SpeedVac Vacuum Concentrator System)
- Agilent® 2100 Bioanalyzer®: High Sensitivity DNA Kit (Agilent, cat. No. 5067-4626) or Agilent 4200 TapeStation®: High Sensitivity D1000 ScreenTape (Agilent, cat. No. 5067-5584)
- Heat block that holds 1.5 mL tubes
- Rotator that holds 1.5 mL tubes

Table 1. Optional positive nucleic acid controls from ATCC

| Target | Catalog number |
|--|----------------|
| <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> strain H37Ra | 25177D |
| <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> strain H37Rv | 25618D |

Important Notes

General precautions

- Use good laboratory practices to minimize cross-contamination of nucleic acid products.
- Always use PCR tubes, microcentrifuge tubes, and pipette tips that are certified sterile, DNase-free, and RNase-free.
- Before starting, wipe down work area and pipettes with an RNase and DNA cleaning product such as RNase Away® (Molecular Bio-Products, Inc., San Diego, CA) or LookOut® DNA Erase (Sigma-Aldrich).
- For consistent library construction and hybridization reactions, ensure that the thermal cycler used in this protocol is in good working order and has been calibrated according to the manufacturer's specifications.
- Please read the entire protocol before beginning. Take note of the required product, notes, recommendations, and stopping points.
- Recommended library quantification method:
QIAGEN's QIAseq Library Quant Assay Kit (QIAGEN, cat. no. 333314) or GeneRead Library Quant Array (QIAGEN, cat. no. 333304), which contains laboratory-verified forward and reverse primers together with a DNA standard, is highly recommended for accurate quantification of the prepared QIAseq xHYB libraries.
- Indexing recommendations:
Sample multiplexing is one of the most important NGS tools for increasing throughput and reducing costs. It works by combining multiple samples to be processed together in a single sequencing run; as a consequence, sequencing reads need to be demultiplexed by reassigning each single read to its original source library. This is facilitated by the integration of index sequences into the individual adapter molecules. Use different sample indexes for all samples. This is achieved using the QIAseq UDI Y-Adapters to generate QIAseq xHYB libraries. The QIAseq FX DNA Library adapters are described in Appendix C: Overamplification of Libraries, page 50.

Protocol: QIAseq FX DNA Library Kit

The reagents required for this protocol are found in the QIAseq FX DNA Library Kit. This protocol describes the FX reaction for single-tube fragmentation, end-repair, and A-addition.

If the sample only contains DNA, then the protocol can start with QIAseq FX DNA Library Kit (see **Table 2**, next page).

Important points before starting

- A range of 10–100 ng of DNA is recommended as input into the fragmentation reaction.
- Ensure input DNA is in water, 10 mM Tris, or QIAGEN's Buffer EB. If input DNA is in 1× TE, please remove EDTA from the DNA by following the protocol in Appendix A: Cleanup of DNA Samples that Contain EDTA/EGTA.
- Ensure reactions are thoroughly mixed, as well as prepared and incubated at the recommended temperatures.
- Pre-program the thermal cyclers. For increased speed and convenience, all incubation steps of the protocol can be preprogrammed and saved in advanced. Additionally, the program can be started and paused while setting-up the reaction.

Fragmentation, end-repair, and A-addition

Procedure

1. Thaw reagents on ice. Once reagents are thawed, mix buffers thoroughly by quick vortexing to avoid any localized concentrations. Briefly spin down vortexed reagents before use.
2. Program a thermal cycler according to Table 2 and pause the program at the 4°C step.

Table 2. Fragmentation reaction

| Temperature (°C) | Time (min) |
|------------------|------------|
| 4 | 1 |
| 32 | 16 |
| 65 | 30 |
| 4 | Hold |

3. On ice, add the following components in Table 3 to each cleaned-up second strand product. Mix well by pipetting up and down 15 times and spin down.

Table 3. Fragmentation reaction setup for samples from second strand synthesis

| Component | Per sample (µL) |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Microbial DNA sample (10 – 100 ng) | x |
| FX Buffer, 10x | 2.25 |
| Nuclease-Free Water | 15.75–x |
| Total volume | 18 |

4. Add 4.5 µL FX Enzyme Mix to each reaction and mix well by pipetting up and down 15 times. It is critical to keep the reactions on ice during the reaction setup.
5. Briefly spin down the PCR tubes/plate and immediately transfer to the pre-chilled thermal cycler (4°C). Resume the cycling program.
6. When the thermal cycler is complete and the sample block has returned to 4°C, remove the samples and immediately place them on ice.

Adapter ligation

Notes before starting

- UPH Ligation Buffer replaces DNA Ligation Buffer, 5x, that is supplied in the QIAseq FX Library Kit.
- The UDI adapter barcode sequences used in the QIAseq FX DNA Library Kit 96-plex adapter plate, as well as the layout of the 96-plex and 24-plex single use adapter plates, are described in Appendix C.
- 80% ethanol should be freshly prepared using Nuclease-Free Water and mixed thoroughly by vortexing.
- Before cleanup, ensure that the QIAseq Beads have been equilibrated to room temperature for 30 minutes.
- **Important:** QIAseq Beads need to be homogenous. Thoroughly resuspend the beads immediately before use and process the beads quickly. If a delay in the protocol occurs, simply vortex the beads again.
- Pre-program the thermal cyclers. For increased speed and convenience, all incubation steps of the protocol can be preprogrammed and saved in advanced. Additionally, the program can be started and paused while setting-up the reaction.

Procedure

1. Remove the protective adapter plate lid, pierce the foil seal for each adapter well to be used, and transfer 2.5 μL from one DNA adapter well to each 50 μL sample from the previous protocol. Track the barcodes from each adapter well used for each sample.
2. Replace the adapter plate lid and freeze unused adapters. The adapter plate is stable for a minimum of 10 freeze–thaw cycles.

Important: Only 1 single adapter is to be used per ligation reaction. Do not reuse adapter wells once the foil seal has been pierced.

3. Prepare ligation reaction following **Table 4**. On ice, add the following components to each sample. Mix well by pipetting up and down 15 times and spin down.

Table 4. Ligation setup

| Component | Per sample (µL) |
|------------------------|-----------------|
| DNA Adapter | 2.5 |
| UPH Ligation Buffer* | 20 |
| DNA ligase | 5 |
| Fragmentation reaction | 22.5 |
| Total volume | 50 |

* This replaces the DNA Ligation Buffer, 5x, from the QIAseq FX kit.

4. Incubate the reactions in a thermal cycler at 20°C for 15 min.

Important: Do not use heated lid.

5. Proceed immediately to adapter ligation cleanup.

Cleanup after adapter ligation with QIAseq Beads

Procedure

1. Add 50 µL Nuclease-free Water to the ligation reaction.
2. Add 90 µL (0.9x) QIAseq Beads to each sample. Mix by pipetting up and down 10 times and then briefly centrifuge.
3. Incubate for 5 min at room temperature.
4. Place the tubes/plate on a magnetic rack for 5 min. After the solution has cleared, carefully remove, and discard the supernatant without disturbing the beads.

Note: Keep the beads on the magnetic stand while handling the supernatant and during the washing steps.

Important: Do not discard the beads as they contain the DNA of interest.

5. Add 200 μ L 80% ethanol while it is on the magnetic rack/plate. Rotate the tube (3 times) or move the plate side to side in the 2 positions of the magnet to wash the beads. Carefully remove and discard the wash.
6. Repeat the ethanol wash in step 5.

Important: Completely remove all traces of ethanol after the second wash. To do this, briefly centrifuge (1 s) and return the tubes or plate to the magnetic stand. Remove the ethanol first with a 200 μ L pipette, and then use a 10 μ L pipette to remove any residual ethanol.
7. With the tubes/plate still on the magnet, air-dry at room temperature for 2–5 min (up to 15 min when using a plate).

Note: Visually inspect that the pellet is dry. When dry, the beads should lose its shiny appearance. Overdrying of beads may result in lower DNA recovery.
8. Elute the DNA by resuspending in 52.5 μ L Nuclease-Free Water. Remove tubes from magnetic rack and mix well by pipetting. Incubate for 1–2 min at room temperature. Place a tube or plate on the magnetic rack until the solution is clear.
9. Transfer 50 μ L of the supernatant to a new PCR tube or plate.
10. Add 55 μ L (1.1x) QIAseq Beads to each sample. Mix by pipetting up and down 10 times and then briefly centrifuge.
11. Incubate for 5 min at room temperature.
12. Place the tubes/plate on a magnetic rack for 5 min. After the solution has cleared, carefully remove, and discard the supernatant without disturbing the beads.

Note: Keep the beads on the magnetic stand while handling the supernatant and during the washing steps.

Important: Do not discard the beads as they contain the DNA of interest.
13. Add 200 μ L 80% ethanol while it is on the magnetic rack/plate. Rotate the tube (3 times) or move the plate side to side in the 2 positions of the magnet to wash the beads. Carefully remove and discard the wash.
14. Repeat the ethanol wash in step 13.

Important: Completely remove all traces of ethanol after the second wash. To do this, briefly centrifuge (1 s) and return the tubes or plate to the magnetic stand. Remove the ethanol first with a 200 μL pipette, and then use a 10 μL pipette to remove any residual ethanol.

15. With the tubes/plate still on the magnet, air-dry at room temperature for 2–5 min (up to 15 min when using a plate).

Note: Visually inspect that the pellet is dry. When dry, the beads should lose its shiny appearance. Overdrying of beads may result in lower DNA recovery.

16. Elute the DNA by resuspending in 25 μL Nuclease-Free Water. Remove tubes from magnetic rack and mix well by pipetting. Incubate for 1–2 min at room temperature. Place a tube or plate on the magnetic rack until solution is clear.

17. Transfer 22.5 μL of the supernatant to a new PCR tube or plate.

Library amplification

Notes before starting

- Thaw QIAseq HiFi PCR Master Mix, Primer Mix, and Lib Amp Blocker on ice. Once reagents are thawed, mix them thoroughly by quick vortexing to avoid any localized concentrations.
- Always start with the cycling conditions specified in this protocol. The cycling has been optimized for use with QIAseq HiFi PCR Master Mix for even and high-fidelity amplification of sequencing libraries.
- 80% ethanol should be freshly prepared using Nuclease-Free Water and mixed thoroughly by vortexing.
- Before cleanup, ensure that the QIAseq Beads have been equilibrated to room temperature for 30 minutes.
- **Important:** QIAseq Beads need to be homogenous. Thoroughly resuspend the beads immediately before use and process the beads quickly. If a delay in the protocol occurs, simply vortex the beads again.

- Pre-program thermal cyclers. For increased speed and convenience, all incubation steps of the protocol can be preprogrammed and saved in advanced. Additionally, the program can be started and paused while setting-up the reaction.

Procedure

1. Prepare a reaction mix according to Table 5. On ice, add the following components to each sample. Mix well by pipetting up and down 10 times and spin down.

Table 5. Library amplification setup

| Component | Per sample (µL) |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| HiFi PCR Master Mix, 2x | 25 |
| Primer mix | 1.5 |
| Lib Amp Blocker | 1 |
| Library DNA | 22.5 |
| Total volume | 50 |

2. Transfer the PCR tube or plate to the thermocycler and start the program according to Table 6.

Table 6. Library amplification cycling conditions

| Step | Time | Temperature (°C) |
|---------------------------|-------|------------------|
| Hold | 2 min | 98 |
| 3 step cycling | | |
| Step 1 | 20 s | 98 |
| Step 2 | 30 s | 60 |
| Step 3 | 30 s | 72 |
| 14 cycles* | | |
| Final Extension (1 cycle) | 1 min | 72 |
| Hold | ∞ | 4 |

* A total of 14 cycles is recommended when starting as it will yield sufficient library for hybrid capture pooling for most sample types. However, this can be adjusted depending on initial input amount. For example, if overamplification is a concern, then the number of cycles can be reduced. Alternatively, if not enough library is generated for pooling, then the number of cycles can be increased.

Cleanup after library amplification with QIAseq Beads

1. Add 55 µL (1.1x) QIAseq Beads to each sample. Mix by pipetting up and down 10 times and then briefly centrifuge.
2. Incubate for 5 min at room temperature.
3. Place the tubes/plate on a magnetic rack for 5 min. After the solution has cleared, carefully remove, and discard the supernatant without disturbing the beads.

Note: Keep the beads on the magnetic stand while handling the supernatant and during the washing steps.

Important: Do not discard the beads as they contain the DNA of interest.

4. Add 200 µL 80% ethanol while it is on the magnetic rack/plate. Rotate the tube (3 times) or move the plate side to side in the 2 positions of the magnet to wash the beads. Carefully remove and discard the wash.
5. Repeat the ethanol wash in step 4.

Important: Completely remove all traces of ethanol after the second wash. To do this, briefly centrifuge (1 s) and return the tubes or plate to the magnetic stand. Remove the ethanol first with a 200 μ L pipette, and then, use a 10 μ L pipette to remove any residual ethanol.

6. With the tubes/plate still on the magnet, air-dry at room temperature for 2–5 min (up to 15 min when using a plate).

Note: Visually inspect that the pellet is dry. When dry, the beads should lose its shiny appearance. Overdrying of beads may result in lower DNA recovery.

7. Elute the DNA by resuspending in 27.5 μ L Nuclease-Free Water. Remove tubes from magnetic rack and mix well by pipetting. Incubate for 1–2 min at room temperature.
8. Transfer 25 μ L of the supernatant to a new PCR tube or plate.
9. Assess the quality of the library using a capillary electrophoresis device such as QIAGEN QIAxcel[®] or Agilent Bioanalyzer. If the libraries are overamplified, then a spectrophotometric (QIAxpert[®] or Nanodrop) measurement is recommended to determine library concentration.
10. Proceed to “Protocol: Hybrid Capture and Wash”. Alternatively, the completed libraries can be stored at –30°C to –15°C in a constant temperature- freezer.

Protocol: Hybrid Capture and Wash

Pool libraries and overnight hyb capture reaction

Important points before starting

- It is highly recommended to pool the purified libraries according to qPCR results so that samples with similar *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* bacterial load are in the same pool. Also, different masses from each library are added to the pool according to the qPCR results. This allows for more even distribution of reads among the samples. A calculator is provided on the QIAseq xHYB *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* product page to guide the pooling. Do not pool samples that are >2 Ct together.
- Ensure reactions are thoroughly mixed, as well as prepared and incubated at the recommended temperatures.
- Pre-program the thermal cyclers. For increased speed and convenience, all incubation steps of the protocol can be preprogrammed and saved in advanced. Additionally, the program can be started and paused while setting up the reaction.
- Thaw the QIAseq xHYB Probe Set, Enhanced Blocking Buffer, One-4-All Blocking Oligos, and One-4-All Blocking Solution on ice, and then, pulse vortex and pulse-spin.
- To immediately proceed to hybridization after library pool dry-down, equilibrate the Vapor-Lock reagent to room temperature, and heat the Hybridization Solution to 65°C for 10 min or until all precipitate is dissolved, before pool evaporation is complete. Alternatively, the dried library pool can be stored at -30°C to -15°C for up to 3 days.
- For each hyb capture pool, a QIAseq probe panel/hybridization mix are prepared in a 1.5 mL LoBind tube. For each each hyb capture pool, the dried-down libraries/One-4-All Blocking Solution/One-4-All Blocking Oligos are prepared in a separate tube. After both tubes are finished incubating at RT/23°C, they are combined.
- While a Speed-Vac is recommended to dry down the libraries, if one is not available, then follow Appendix B: Replacing Speed-Vac Concentration with QIAseq Beads to concentrate the libraries before hybridization.

Procedure

1. Add specified mass of each library (4 libraries per pool) according to the pooling calculator to a 1.5 mL LoBind tube. Add 3.5 μL of Enhanced Blocking Buffer per pool. Use multiple tubes if performing multiple hybridization reactions.
2. Completely evaporate all liquid content of the library pool by using a SpeedVac system (or a similar evaporator device). If needed, accelerate the evaporation of larger volumes by setting the temperature to 60°C.
Note: Proceed to Appendix B: Replacing Speed-Vac Concentration with QIAseq Beads, page 48, if performing library pool concentration via QIAseq Beads.
3. When evaporation of the library pool is complete, place the dried library pool on ice and proceed to step 4 (Hybridization Mix/QIAseq probe panel). Alternatively, the dried library pool can be stored at -30°C to -15°C for up to 3 days.
4. If not previously done so, heat the Hybridization Mix to 65°C for 10 min or until precipitate is dissolved, then let cool to RT for 5 min. In addition, equilibrate Vapor-Lock to room temperature.
5. For each library pool, prepare the Hybridization Mix/QIAseq probe panel in a separate PCR tube by following Table 7.

Table 7. QIAseq probe prep

| Component | Per sample (μL) |
|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Hybridization Mix | 20 |
| QIAseq probe panel | 4 |
| Nuclease-Free Water | 4 |
| Total volume | 28 |

6. Incubate the Hybridization Mix/QIAseq probe panel in a thermal cycler by following Table 8.

Table 8. QIAseq probe prep reaction

| Temperature | Time (min) |
|-------------|------------|
| 95°C | 2 |
| On ice | 5 |
| RT/23°C | 5 |

7. While the Hybridization Mix/QIAseq probe prep is cooling, completely resuspend the dried-down libraries from step 3 by adding components according to Table 9. Mix well by pipetting up and down and/or vortex and briefly centrifuge.

Note: This step should be performed concurrently (or as close as possible) with steps 5 and 6. Alternatively, resuspension of the dried-down libraries can be performed as soon as the evaporation of the libraries is complete (step 3) then placed on ice until needed.

Table 9. Resuspension of dried-down library**Resuspension of dried-down library**

| Component | Per sample (µL) |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| Dried-down libraries | – |
| One-4-All Blocking Solution | 5 |
| One-4-All Blocking Oligos | 8 |
| Total volume | 13 |

8. Transfer contents to a new PCR tube.

9. Incubate the resuspended libraries in a thermal cycler by following Table 10.

Table 10. Blocking of Dried-down library reaction

| Temperature (°C) | Time (min) |
|------------------|------------|
| 95 | 5 |
| RT/23 | <5 |

10. Carefully mix Hybridization Mix/QIAseq Probe Panel solution (from step 6) by pipetting up and down then add entire contents to resuspended library (from step 9).
11. Add 30 μL of Vapor-Lock and carefully mix by gently pipetting up and down. Briefly spin down.
12. Incubate hybridization reaction at 70°C for 16 h in a thermal cycler with heated lid at 85°C.

Preparing streptavidin beads

Important points before starting

- Inspect Binding Buffer, Wash Buffer 1, and Wash Buffer 2 for any precipitate.
- If precipitate is observed, heat buffer at 48°C until all precipitate is dissolved into solution.
- Prepare 450 μL of Wash Buffer 1 for each Hybridization Reaction and preheat to 60°C.
- Prepare 650 μL of Wash Buffer 2 for each Hybridization Reaction, and preheat to 48°C.
- Equilibrate Streptavidin Binding Beads and DNA Purification Beads to room temperature for at least 30 min.
- Thaw Hyb Elute Buffer on ice. Once buffer is thawed, mix by pulse-vortexing to avoid any localized concentrations. Briefly spin down vortexed reagents before use.

Procedure

1. For each hybridization reaction, add 100 μL of Streptavidin Binding Beads to a clean 1.5 mL LoBind tube.
2. For each hybridization reaction, add 200 μL of Binding Buffer to the tube and mix by pipetting.
3. Place tube on magnetic stand for 1 min. Discard supernatant.
4. Repeat wash (steps 2 and 3) two additional times.

5. Add 200 μL of Binding Buffer to the tube and resuspend by vortexing.

Binding and washing of hybridized targets to streptavidin beads

1. After hybridization reaction is complete and while tubes are still in thermal cycler at 70°C, swiftly transfer full volume of hybridization reaction including Vapor-Lock to corresponding tube of streptavidin beads. Mix well by pipetting up and down.

Important: Do not let hybridization reaction cool before transferring to streptavidin beads by keeping PCR tube containing the hybridization reaction the in thermal cycler during transfer.

2. Mix tube containing hybridization reaction and streptavidin beads for 30 min at RT on a shaker, rocker, or rotator so that the solution remains homogenized.

Note: Aggressive mixing is not required. Do not vortex.

3. Briefly centrifuge the tube to collect all the liquid to the bottom of the tube.
4. Place the beads on a magnetic stand for 1 min or until solution is clear. Carefully discard supernatant with the Vapor-Lock without disturbing the beads.
5. Remove the tube from the magnetic stand and add 200 μL of preheated 60°C Wash Buffer 1. Mix by pipetting up and down and briefly centrifuge. Transfer contents to a new 1.5 mL LoBind tube.

Note: Place Wash Buffer 1 back at 60°C until needed for further washes.

6. Place the tube on a magnetic stand for 1 min or until the solution is clear. Discard the clear supernatant without disturbing the pellet.
7. Repeat wash 1 (steps 5 to 7) one time.
8. Remove the tube from the magnetic stand and add 200 μL of preheated 48°C Wash Buffer 2. Mix by pipetting up and down and briefly centrifuge.
9. Incubate at 48°C for 5 min. Pulse spin down.

Note: Place Wash Buffer 2 back at 48°C until needed for further washes.

10. Place the tube on the magnetic stand for 1 min. Discard the clear supernatant without disturbing the pellet.
11. Repeat wash (steps 8–11) two additional times for total of three washes.
12. Briefly centrifuge the tube and remove all remaining liquid using a 10 μ L pipette tip without disturbing the beads.
Important: Do not allow the beads to dry.
13. Immediately add 50 μ L Hyb Elute Buffer and mix by pipetting up and down.
14. Transfer 23.5 μ L of Hyb Elute Buffer bead slurry to a new PCR tube.
15. Proceed directly to “Post-capture library amplification”. Alternatively, the resuspended Hyb Elute Buffer bead slurry can be stored at -30°C to -15°C in a constant temperature freezer.

Post-capture library amplification

Important points before starting

- 80% ethanol should be freshly prepared using Nuclease-Free Water and mixed thoroughly by vortexing.
- Before cleanup, ensure that the QIAseq Beads have been equilibrated to room temperature for 30 minutes.
- **Note:** QIAseq Beads need to be homogenous. Thoroughly resuspend the beads immediately before use and process the beads quickly. If a delay in the protocol occurs, simply vortex the beads again.
- Preprogram the thermal cyclers. For increased speed and convenience, all incubation steps of the protocol can be preprogrammed and saved in advanced. Additionally, the program can be started and paused while setting up the reaction.
- Thaw Post Hybrid-Capture PCR Mix and Primer Mix Illumina Library Amplification on ice. Once reagents are thawed, mix by pulse-vortexing to avoid any localized concentrations. Briefly spin down vortexed reagents before use.

Procedure

1. Prepare a reaction mix according to Table 11. On ice, add the following components to each sample. Mix well by pipetting up and down 10 times and spin down.

Table 11. Post Hybrid-Capture Amplification

| Component | Per sample (µL) |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| Post Hybrid-Capture PCR Mix 2x | 25 |
| Primer mix | 1.5 |
| Hyb Elute Buffer bead slurry* | 23.5* |
| Total volume | 50 |

* Save the remaining Hyb Elute Buffer bead slurry in case the post-capture amplification needs to be repeated.

2. Perform library amplification in a thermal cycler by following Table 12.

Table 12. Post Hybrid-Capture amplification cycling conditions

| Step | Time | Temperature (°C) |
|---------------------------|-------|------------------|
| Hold | 2 min | 98 |
| 3 step cycling | | |
| Step 1 | 20 s | 98 |
| Step 2 | 30 s | 60 |
| Step 3 | 30 s | 72 |
| 15 cycles* | | |
| Final Extension (1 cycle) | 1 min | 72 |
| Hold | ∞ | 4 |

* For most hybrid capture pools, 15 cycles will generate sufficient library. There is sufficient Hyb Elute Buffer bead slurry to perform an additional Post Hybrid-Capture amplification if there is not sufficient library for sequencing (suggest 17-20 cycles) or if there is extensive overamplification (suggest 12 cycles).

Cleanup of library amplification with QIAseq Beads

Procedure

1. Add 55 μL (1.1x) QIAseq Beads to each sample. Mix by pipetting up and down 10 times and then briefly centrifuge.

2. Incubate for 5 min at room temperature.

3. Place the tubes/plate on a magnetic rack for 5 min. After the solution has cleared, carefully remove, and discard the supernatant without disturbing the beads.

Note: Keep the beads on the magnetic stand while handling the supernatant and during the washing steps.

Important: Do not discard the beads as they contain the DNA of interest.

4. Add 200 μL 80% ethanol while it is on the magnetic rack/plate. Rotate the tube (3 times) or move the plate side to side in the 2 positions of the magnet to wash the beads. Carefully remove and discard the wash.

5. Repeat the ethanol wash in step 4.

Important: Completely remove all traces of ethanol after the second wash. To do this, briefly centrifuge (1 s) and return the tubes or plate to the magnetic stand. Remove the ethanol first with a 200 μL pipette, and then use a 10 μL pipette to remove any residual ethanol.

6. With the tubes/plate still on the magnet, air-dry at room temperature for 2–5 min (up to 15 min when using a plate).

Note: Visually inspect that the pellet is dry. When dry, the beads should lose its shiny appearance. Overdrying of beads may result in lower DNA recovery.

7. Elute the DNA by resuspending in 25 μL Nuclease-Free Water. Remove tubes from magnetic rack and mix well by pipetting. Incubate for 1–2 min at room temperature.

8. Transfer 22.5 μL of the supernatant to a new PCR tube or plate.

9. Proceed to “Protocol: Library QC and Quantification”. Alternatively, the completed libraries can be stored at -30°C to -15°C in a constant-temperature freezer.

Protocol: Library QC and Quantification

This protocol determines the quality and quantity of each xHYB library.

Important points before starting

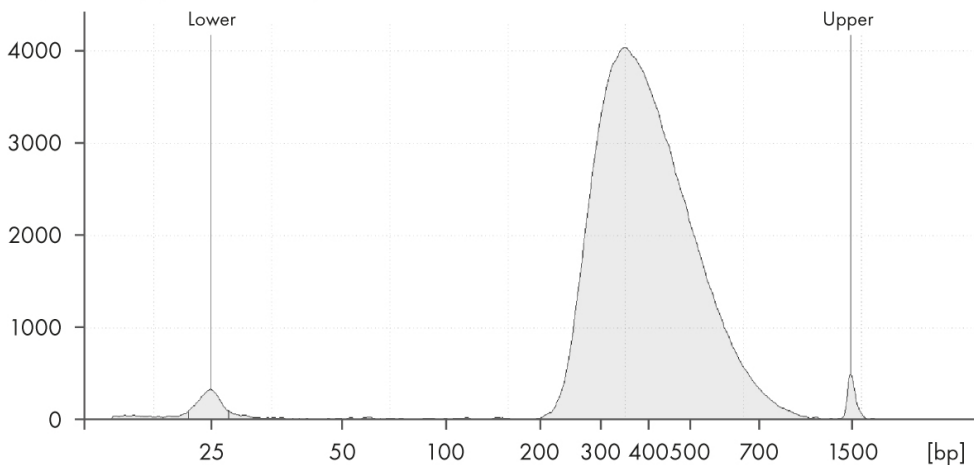
- A portion of either the xHYB post-capture library is the starting material for the library QC and quantification. When not in use, the xHYB post-capture library should be stored on ice.
- Library QC involves use of an Agilent® 2100 Bioanalyzer, TapeStation, or similar capillary electrophoresis device.
- Library quantification involves use of QIAGEN's QIAseq Library Quant System: QIAseq Library Quant Array Kit (cat. no. 333304) or QIAseq Library Quant Assay Kit (cat. no. 333314).

Library QC (capillary electrophoresis)

1. Analyze 1 μ L of the xHYB post-capture library on a capillary electrophoresis device according to the manufacturer's instructions. A typical xHYB post-capture library is shown in Figure 2 (see next page).
2. Proceed to "Determining library concentration", page 39.

(A)

Simple intensity (Normalized FU)

**(B)**

Simple intensity (Normalized FU)

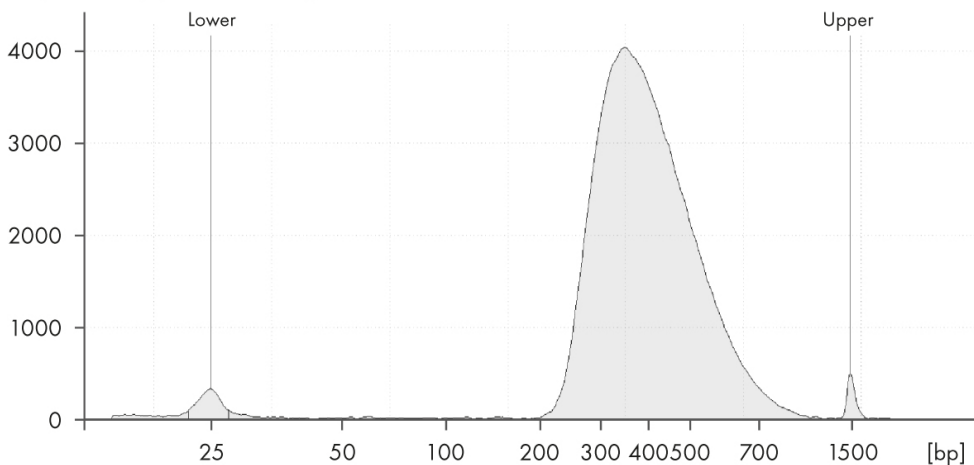


Figure 2. Tapestation Trace of a library prepared with QIAseq xHYB. (A) An example RNA/TNA/DNA library with a typical mean size distribution of 350–450 bp and free of adapter dimers. **(B)** An example of a post-capture library pool with a similar size distribution as the original libraries.

Determining library concentration

1. The library yield measurements of the Bioanalyzer or TapeStation system use fluorescent dyes that intercalate into DNA or RNA and cannot discriminate between DNA with or without adapter sequences. Real-time PCR-based methods provide an accurate quantification of complete QIAseq xHYB post-capture libraries with full adapter sequences. Therefore, QIAGEN's QIAseq Library Quant Array Kit or Assay Kit, which contains laboratory-verified forward and reverse primers together with a DNA standard, is highly recommended for accurate quantification of the prepared library.

For the denaturation procedure to load the MiSeq sequencing instrument, 4 nM of QIAseq xHYB post-capture library should be used as input.

2. Proceed with "Protocol: Sequencing Setup on Illumina Instrument", next page.

Protocol: Sequencing Setup on Illumina Instrument

Important points before starting

- **Note:** Recommendations for library dilution concentrations and library loading concentrations are based on QIAGEN's QIAseq Library Quant System (see "Determining library concentration", page 39).
- **Note:** Paired-end sequencing should be used for the QIAseq xHYB on an Illumina platform.
- Please refer to the system-specific Illumina documents for complete instructions on how to denature sequencing libraries, prepare phiX, and set up a sequencing run.

Pooling guidelines

Important: As a starting point, we recommend allocating 1M clusters per original sample or 4M clusters per hybrid capture pool (assuming 4 libraries per hybrid capture pool). Table 13–14 describe the number of samples that can be multiplexed together to achieve a certain read coverage. Number of reads per sample may need to be increased if higher coverage is desired.

Table 13. Number of read clusters per *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* copy number to achieve desired depth of coverage

| | Minimum copy number | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 300 | 5000 | 10,000 |
| Estimated Ct (QIAGEN) | 31.4 | 27.1 | 26.1 |
| >90% genome at 10x* | 1 M clusters | 1 M clusters | 1 M clusters |
| >90% genome at 30x* | N/A | 2 M clusters | 2M clusters |
| >90% genome at 100x* | N/A | N/A | 4 M clusters |

* Read allocation indication above are to give a general guideline on sequencing depth under ideal pooling conditions with ideal samples and are not a guarantee of sample coverage. They are meant to serve as a general guideline of where to start during implementation and optimization within a user workflow.

Table 14. Maximum # of clusters for Illumina sequencers.

| Instrument | Version | Clusters/flow cell (millions) |
|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| iSeq 100 | i1 Reagents | 4 |
| MiniSeq | Mid Output | 8 |
| MiniSeq | High Output | 25 |
| MiSeq | v2 Reagents | 15 |
| MiSeq | v3 Reagents | 25 |
| NextSeq 500/550 | Mid Output | 130 |
| NextSeq 500/550 | High Output | 400 |
| NextSeq 1000/2000 | P1 Reagents | 100 |
| NextSeq 1000/2000 | P2 Reagents | 400 |
| NextSeq 1000/2000 | P3 Reagents | 1100 |
| HiSeq 1500/2500 | Rapid Run v2 with cBot | 150 (per lane) |
| HiSeq 3000/4000 | – | 312.5 (per lane) |
| NovaSeq 6000 | SP | 800 |
| NovaSeq 6000 | S1 | 1600 |
| NovaSeqX | 1.5B | 1500 |

Sequencing

- **Important:** The following guidelines outline the most important settings for Illumina instruments. More detailed instructions on how to configure a run and how to create a sample sheet can be found in the “Product Resources” section for QIAseq Y-Adapters at www.qiagen.com
- Always ensure that libraries have been quantified using QIAseq Library Quant Assay or a compatible method to enable equal library representation within the sequencing pool and exact pool concentrations for optimal flow cell loading and best sequencing performance.
- For complete instructions on how to denature sequencing libraries and set up a sequencing run, please refer to the system-specific Illumina documents.
- Please refer to the respective *QIAseq FX DNA Library Handbook* for detailed information on Unique Dual-Index Adapters.
- Editable and ready to use sample sheets, including all sample indexes for UDI Y-Adapters, are available for download at www.qiagen.com.
- A description of run setup for Illumina instruments and definition files for QIAseq UDI-Y adapters to be used for Illumina Experiment Manager and Local Run Manager are available at www.qiagen.com.
- Sequencing on the NextSeq, HiSeq X[®], HiSeq 3000/4000 systems follow a dual-indexing workflow different from other Illumina systems. If manually creating sample sheets on these instruments, enter the reverse complement of the i5 index adapter sequence. If using Illumina Experiment Manager, BaseSpace[®], or Local Run Manager to plan the run, the software will automatically reverse complement index sequences when necessary.

Sequencing setup on Illumina instruments

- Read Type: Paired End
- Index Reads: 2
- Enable Adapter Trimming
- Cycles for QIAseq UDI Y-Adapters
- Read 1 and Read 2: 149
- Index 1 and Index 2: 10

Troubleshooting Guide

This troubleshooting guide may be helpful in solving any problems that may arise. For more information, see also the Frequently Asked Questions page in our Technical Support Center: www.qiagen.com/FAQ/FAQList.aspx. The scientists in QIAGEN Technical Services are always happy to answer any questions you may have about either the information or protocols in this handbook (for contact information, visit support.qiagen.com).

Comments and suggestions

Low library yield

- | | |
|--|---|
| a) DNA contains PCR inhibitors carried over from sample prep | If samples contain high concentration of PCR inhibitors (such as stool, soil, or wastewater), use the appropriate sample DNA extraction kit. |
| b) Improper reaction setup | Ensure reactions are thoroughly mixed, prepared, and incubated at recommended temperatures. |
| c) Excess ethanol not removed during bead cleanup steps | For each cleanup, after final ethanol wash, ensure that excess ethanol is removed. Briefly centrifuge and return the tubes or plate to the magnetic stand. Remove with a 10 μ L pipette to remove any residual ethanol. In addition, allow beads to dry for the appropriate amount of time. |

Low hybrid capture library yield

- | | |
|---|---|
| a) Insufficient sample material added to library construction | If possible, increase sample input in library construction step. |
| b) Incompatible adapters used | Using incompatible non-TruSeq-like adapters for the generation of whole genome libraries will result in failure to amplify captured library fragments. Use only UDI Y-Adapters or other TruSeq-compatible adapters for the generation of indexed libraries. |

Comments and suggestions

Sequencing issues

- | | |
|--|---|
| a) Too low or too high cluster density | Accurate library quantification is the key for optimal cluster density on any sequencing instrument. PCR-based quantification method is recommended. Other methods may lead to the incorrect quantification of the library especially when there is over-amplification. |
| b) Very low clusters passing filter | Make sure the library is accurately quantified and that the correct amount is loaded onto the sequencing instrument. |
-

Unequal read distribution across libraries in the same hybrid capture pool

| | |
|---|---|
| Bacterial loads may be significantly different between samples. | If qPCR data are available, then pool samples using calculator. A calculator is provided on the QIAseq xHYB <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i> product page to guide the pooling. Do not pool samples that are >2 Ct together. |
|---|---|

Overamplification of libraries (example in Appendix C: Overamplification of Libraries)

- | | |
|---|--|
| a) Presence of larger than expected library size after library construction | If there are multiple peaks at higher than the expected library size, then this could indicate overamplification of the library. These libraries are still acceptable to continue with the hybrid capture reaction. Use Nanodrop concentration measurements to determine concentration of each library. |
| b) Presence of larger than expected library size after post-capture amplification | If there are multiple peaks at higher than the expected library size, then this could indicate overamplification of the library. These libraries are still acceptable to continue with sequencing. Use a qPCR-based library quantitation method to determine concentration. Fluorescent quantitation methods, ie. Qubit, BioAnalyzer or TapeStation, will produce inaccurate library concentration with overamplified libraries. |

Appendix A: Cleanup of DNA Samples that Contain EDTA/EGTA

Important points before starting

- 80% ethanol should be freshly prepared using Nuclease-Free Water and mixed thoroughly by vortexing.
- Before cleanup, ensure that the QIAseq Beads have been equilibrated to room temperature for 30 min.
- **Note:** QIAseq Beads need to be homogenous. Thoroughly resuspend the beads immediately before use and process the beads quickly. If a delay in the protocol occurs, simply vortex the beads again.

Procedure

1. Add Nuclease-Free Water to DNA sample so that final volume equals 50 μ L.
2. Add 90 μ L (1.8x) QIAseq Beads to each sample. Mix by pipetting up and down 10 times and then briefly centrifuge.
3. Incubate for 5 min at room temperature.
4. Place the tubes/plate on a magnetic rack for 5 min. After the solution has cleared, carefully remove and discard the supernatant without disturbing the beads.

Note: Keep the beads on the magnetic stand while handling the supernatant and during the washing steps.

Important: Do not discard the beads as they contain the DNA of interest.

5. Add 200 μ L 80% ethanol while it is on the magnetic rack/plate. Rotate the tube (3 times) or move the plate side to side in the 2 positions of the magnet to wash the beads. Carefully remove and discard the wash.

6. Repeat the ethanol wash in step 5.

Important: Completely remove all traces of ethanol after the second wash. To do this, briefly centrifuge (1 s) and return the tubes or plate to the magnetic stand. Remove the ethanol first with a 200 μ L pipette, and then use a 10 μ L pipette to remove any residual ethanol.

7. With the tubes/plate still on the magnet, air-dry at room temperature for 2–5 min (up to 15 min when using a plate).

Note: Visually inspect that the pellet is dry. When dry, the beads should lose its shiny appearance.

8. While still on the magnetic rack/plate, elute the DNA from the beads by adding 18.25 μ L Nuclease-Free Water. Remove tubes from magnetic rack and mix well by pipetting. Incubate for 2–5 min at room temperature.

9. Transfer 15.75 μ L of the supernatant to a new PCR tube or plate.

Appendix B: Replacing Speed-Vac Concentration with QIAseq Beads

Important points before starting

- **Note:** There may be a small reduction in performance (approx. 10% decrease in unique reads) compared to the Speed-Vac protocol.
- 80% ethanol should be freshly prepared using Nuclease-Free Water and mixed thoroughly by vortexing.
- Before cleanup, ensure that the QIAseq Beads have been equilibrated to room temperature for 30 min.
- **Note:** QIAseq Beads need to be homogenous. Thoroughly resuspend the beads immediately before use and process the beads quickly. If a delay in the protocol occurs, simply vortex the beads again.
- For each hyb capture, combine 5.15 μL One-4-All Blocking Solution + 3.60 μL of Enhanced Blocking Buffer to make QIAseq bead elution buffer.

Procedure

1. Add 450 ng of each library (4 libraries per pool) for a total of 1800 ng per pool to a 1.5 mL LoBind tube. Use multiple tubes if performing multiple hybridization reactions.
2. Add Nuclease-Free Water so that final volume of each pool is 50 μL .
3. Add 90 μL (1.8x) QIAseq Beads to each sample. Mix by pipetting up and down 10 times and then briefly centrifuge.
4. Incubate for 5 min at room temperature.

5. Place the tubes on a magnetic rack for 5 min. After the solution has cleared, carefully remove and discard the supernatant without disturbing the beads.

Note: Keep the beads on the magnetic stand while handling the supernatant and during the washing steps.

Important: Do not discard the beads as they contain the DNA of interest.

6. Add 200 μ L 80% ethanol while it is on the magnetic rack/plate. Rotate the tube (3 times) or move the plate side to side in the 2 positions of the magnet to wash the beads. Carefully remove and discard the wash.

7. Repeat the ethanol wash in step 4.

Important: Completely remove all traces of ethanol after the second wash. To do this, briefly centrifuge (1 s) and return the tubes or plate to the magnetic stand. Remove the ethanol first with a 200 μ L pipette, and then use a 10 μ L pipette to remove any residual ethanol.

8. With the tubes/plate still on the magnet, air-dry at room temperature for 2–5 min (up to 15 min when using a plate).

Note: Visually inspect that the pellet is dry. When dry, the beads should lose its shiny appearance.

9. While still on the magnetic rack/plate, elute the DNA from the beads by adding 7.5 μ L QIAseq bead elution buffer + 8 μ L of One-4-All Blocking Oligos. Mix well by pipetting. Incubate for 2–5 min at room temperature.

10. Place tubes on magnetic rack and wait 1 min. After the solution is cleared, carefully transfer 13 μ L supernatant to a new tube without disturbing beads.

11. Place tubes on magnetic rack and wait 1 min. Confirm that there are no beads present in the solution.

12. Continue to "Protocol: Hybrid Capture and Wash", step 8.

Appendix C: Overamplification of Libraries

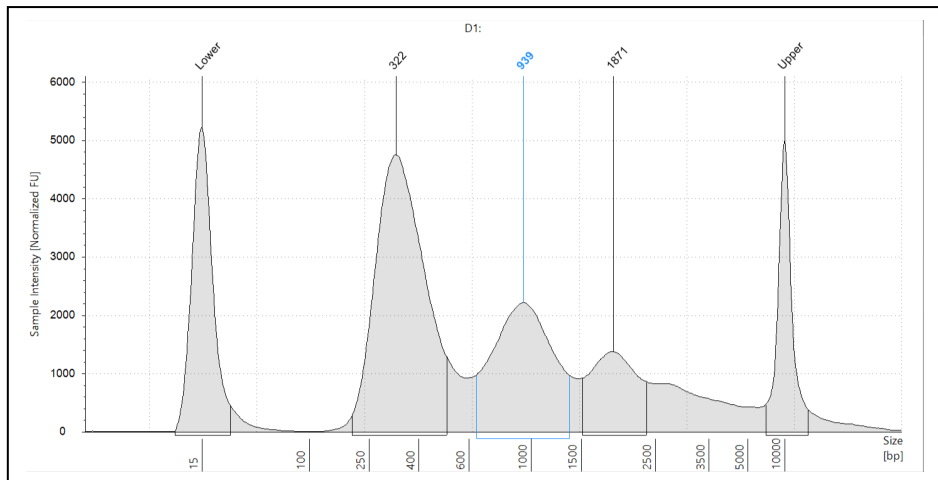


Figure 3. Example of library overamplification.

Overamplification of library shows primary peak at ~320 bp but also multiple other peaks at higher fragment sizes. The higher fragment size peaks are due to overamplification and presence of single-stranded DNA that effect the migration. These libraries are acceptable to continue with the hybrid capture reaction. If overamplification occurred after post-capture amplification, these libraries would be acceptable for sequencing after using a qPCR-based library quantitation method. If a qPCR quantification method is not available, it is possible to correct over-amplification with a 2-cycle reconditioning PCR reaction using conditions in “post-capture amplification cycling”.

Appendix D: QIAseq Dual-Index Y-Adapters

Generation of sample sheets for Illumina instruments

Index sequences for QIAseq Unique and Combinatorial Dual-Index Y-Adapters are available for download at www.qiagen.com. Sequencing on the NextSeq, HiSeq X[®], or HiSeq 3000/4000 system follows a dual-indexing workflow different from other Illumina systems. If you are manually creating sample sheets for these instruments, enter the reverse complement of the i5 index adapter sequence. If you are using Illumina Experiment Manager, BaseSpace, or Local Run Manager for run planning, the software will automatically reverse complement index sequences when necessary.

Ready-to-use sample sheets containing all QIAseq UDI Y-Adapter barcode sequences are available for MiSeq, NextSeq, MiniSeq, HiSeq, and NovaSeq instruments. These can be imported and edited using the Illumina Experiment Manager Software, Illumina Local Run Manager, or any text editor. Make sure to download the appropriate sample sheet for NextSeq, HiSeq X, or HiSeq 3000/4000 systems depending on whether you are using Local Run Manager or manually configuring the sequencing run.

Unique Dual-Index Y-Adapters

The layout of the 24-plex and 96-plex (A/B/C/D) single-use UDI adapter plate is shown in Table 15 to Table 17. The index sequences used in the QIAseq Unique Dual-Index Kits are listed in Table 20. To make sequencing preparation more convenient, you can download Illumina-compatible sample sheets for different sequencing instruments at www.qiagen.com

Table 15. QIAseq UDI Y-Adapter Plate (24) layout (UDI 1 – 24)

| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|----------|---------|---------|---------|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|
| A | UDI 001 | UDI 009 | UDI 017 | – | – | – | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| B | UDI 002 | UDI 010 | UDI 018 | – | – | – | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| C | UDI 003 | UDI 011 | UDI 019 | – | – | – | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| D | UDI 004 | UDI 012 | UDI 020 | – | – | – | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| E | UDI 005 | UDI 013 | UDI 021 | – | – | – | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| F | UDI 006 | UDI 014 | UDI 022 | – | – | – | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| G | UDI 007 | UDI 015 | UDI 023 | – | – | – | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| H | UDI 008 | UDI 016 | UDI 024 | – | – | – | – | – | – | – | – | – |

Table 16. QIAseq UDI Y-Adapter Plate A (96) layout (UDI 1 – 96)

| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| A | UDI 001 | UDI 009 | UDI 017 | UDI 025 | UDI 033 | UDI 041 | UDI 049 | UDI 057 | UDI 065 | UDI 073 | UDI 081 | UDI 089 |
| B | UDI 002 | UDI 010 | UDI 018 | UDI 026 | UDI 034 | UDI 042 | UDI 050 | UDI 058 | UDI 066 | UDI 074 | UDI 082 | UDI 090 |
| C | UDI 003 | UDI 011 | UDI 019 | UDI 027 | UDI 035 | UDI 043 | UDI 051 | UDI 059 | UDI 067 | UDI 075 | UDI 083 | UDI 091 |
| D | UDI 004 | UDI 012 | UDI 020 | UDI 028 | UDI 036 | UDI 044 | UDI 052 | UDI 060 | UDI 068 | UDI 076 | UDI 084 | UDI 092 |
| E | UDI 005 | UDI 013 | UDI 021 | UDI 029 | UDI 037 | UDI 045 | UDI 053 | UDI 061 | UDI 069 | UDI 077 | UDI 085 | UDI 093 |
| F | UDI 006 | UDI 014 | UDI 022 | UDI 030 | UDI 038 | UDI 046 | UDI 054 | UDI 062 | UDI 070 | UDI 078 | UDI 086 | UDI 094 |
| G | UDI 007 | UDI 015 | UDI 023 | UDI 031 | UDI 039 | UDI 047 | UDI 055 | UDI 063 | UDI 071 | UDI 079 | UDI 087 | UDI 095 |
| H | UDI 008 | UDI 016 | UDI 024 | UDI 032 | UDI 040 | UDI 048 | UDI 056 | UDI 064 | UDI 072 | UDI 080 | UDI 088 | UDI 096 |

Table 17. QIAseq UDI Y-Adapter Plate B (96) layout (UDI 97 – 192)

| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| A | UDI 097 | UDI 105 | UDI 113 | UDI 121 | UDI 129 | UDI 137 | UDI 145 | UDI 153 | UDI 161 | UDI 169 | UDI 177 | UDI 185 |
| B | UDI 098 | UDI 106 | UDI 114 | UDI 122 | UDI 130 | UDI 138 | UDI 146 | UDI 154 | UDI 162 | UDI 170 | UDI 178 | UDI 186 |
| C | UDI 099 | UDI 107 | UDI 115 | UDI 123 | UDI 131 | UDI 139 | UDI 147 | UDI 155 | UDI 163 | UDI 171 | UDI 179 | UDI 187 |
| D | UDI 100 | UDI 108 | UDI 116 | UDI 124 | UDI 132 | UDI 140 | UDI 148 | UDI 156 | UDI 164 | UDI 172 | UDI 180 | UDI 188 |
| E | UDI 101 | UDI 109 | UDI 117 | UDI 125 | UDI 133 | UDI 141 | UDI 149 | UDI 157 | UDI 165 | UDI 173 | UDI 181 | UDI 189 |
| F | UDI 102 | UDI 110 | UDI 118 | UDI 126 | UDI 134 | UDI 142 | UDI 150 | UDI 158 | UDI 166 | UDI 174 | UDI 182 | UDI 190 |
| G | UDI 103 | UDI 111 | UDI 119 | UDI 127 | UDI 135 | UDI 143 | UDI 151 | UDI 159 | UDI 167 | UDI 175 | UDI 183 | UDI 191 |
| H | UDI 104 | UDI 112 | UDI 120 | UDI 128 | UDI 136 | UDI 144 | UDI 152 | UDI 160 | UDI 168 | UDI 176 | UDI 184 | UDI 192 |

Table 18. QIAseq UDI Y-Adapter Plate C (96) layout (UDI 193 – 288)

| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| A | UDI 193 | UDI 201 | UDI 209 | UDI 217 | UDI 225 | UDI 233 | UDI 241 | UDI 249 | UDI 257 | UDI 265 | UDI 273 | UDI 281 |
| B | UDI 194 | UDI 202 | UDI 210 | UDI 218 | UDI 226 | UDI 234 | UDI 242 | UDI 250 | UDI 258 | UDI 266 | UDI 274 | UDI 282 |
| C | UDI 195 | UDI 203 | UDI 211 | UDI 219 | UDI 227 | UDI 235 | UDI 243 | UDI 251 | UDI 259 | UDI 267 | UDI 275 | UDI 283 |
| D | UDI 196 | UDI 204 | UDI 212 | UDI 220 | UDI 228 | UDI 236 | UDI 244 | UDI 252 | UDI 260 | UDI 268 | UDI 276 | UDI 284 |
| E | UDI 197 | UDI 205 | UDI 213 | UDI 221 | UDI 229 | UDI 237 | UDI 245 | UDI 253 | UDI 261 | UDI 269 | UDI 277 | UDI 285 |
| F | UDI 198 | UDI 206 | UDI 214 | UDI 222 | UDI 230 | UDI 238 | UDI 246 | UDI 254 | UDI 262 | UDI 270 | UDI 278 | UDI 286 |
| G | UDI 199 | UDI 207 | UDI 215 | UDI 223 | UDI 231 | UDI 239 | UDI 247 | UDI 255 | UDI 263 | UDI 271 | UDI 279 | UDI 287 |
| H | UDI 200 | UDI 208 | UDI 216 | UDI 224 | UDI 232 | UDI 240 | UDI 248 | UDI 256 | UDI 264 | UDI 272 | UDI 280 | UDI 288 |

Table 19. QIAseq UDI Y-Adapter Plate D (96) layout (UDI 289 – 384)

| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| A | UDI 289 | UDI 297 | UDI 305 | UDI 313 | UDI 321 | UDI 329 | UDI 337 | UDI 345 | UDI 353 | UDI 361 | UDI 369 | UDI 377 |
| B | UDI 290 | UDI 298 | UDI 306 | UDI 314 | UDI 322 | UDI 330 | UDI 338 | UDI 346 | UDI 354 | UDI 362 | UDI 370 | UDI 378 |
| C | UDI 291 | UDI 299 | UDI 307 | UDI 315 | UDI 323 | UDI 331 | UDI 339 | UDI 347 | UDI 355 | UDI 363 | UDI 371 | UDI 379 |
| D | UDI 292 | UDI 300 | UDI 308 | UDI 316 | UDI 324 | UDI 332 | UDI 340 | UDI 348 | UDI 356 | UDI 364 | UDI 372 | UDI 380 |
| E | UDI 293 | UDI 301 | UDI 309 | UDI 317 | UDI 325 | UDI 333 | UDI 341 | UDI 349 | UDI 357 | UDI 365 | UDI 373 | UDI 381 |
| F | UDI 294 | UDI 302 | UDI 310 | UDI 318 | UDI 326 | UDI 334 | UDI 342 | UDI 350 | UDI 358 | UDI 366 | UDI 374 | UDI 382 |
| G | UDI 295 | UDI 303 | UDI 311 | UDI 319 | UDI 327 | UDI 335 | UDI 343 | UDI 351 | UDI 359 | UDI 367 | UDI 375 | UDI 383 |
| H | UDI 296 | UDI 304 | UDI 312 | UDI 320 | UDI 328 | UDI 336 | UDI 344 | UDI 352 | UDI 360 | UDI 368 | UDI 376 | UDI 384 |

Table 20. UDI index sequences used in the QIAseq UDI Y-Adapter Kits (24 and 96 A/B/C/D)

Unique Dual-Index adapters 1–24 are identical on the adapter plates of the QIAseq UDI Y-Adapter Kit (24) and QIAseq UDI Y-Adapter Kit A (96).

Note: Sequencing on the MiniSeq, NextSeq, HiSeqX, and HiSeq 3000/4000 systems follows a dual-indexing workflow different from other Illumina systems, which requires the reverse complement of the i5 index adapter sequence.

Indices for entry on sample sheet

| Unique dual-index number | i7 bases for entry on sample sheet (all instruments) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (MiSeq, HiSeq 2000/2500, NovaSeq 6000) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (iSeq 100, MiniSeq, NextSeq, HiSeq X, HiSeq 3000/4000) |
|--------------------------|--|---|---|
| UDI 001 | TGAACGTTGT | ATGGCCGACT | AGTCGGCCAT |
| UDI 002 | ACCAGACTTG | CGATGAGCAC | GTGCTCATCG |
| UDI 003 | ACTGGCGAAC | GATAAGTCGA | TCGACTTATC |
| UDI 004 | GCGTTAGGCA | TCACGCCTTG | CAAGCGCTGA |
| UDI 005 | TTATCGGCCT | AGGAACACAA | TTGTGTTCTT |
| UDI 006 | GAGGTATAAG | CTCAGTAGGC | GCCTACTGAG |
| UDI 007 | TCAAGGATTC | GAAGTGCCTG | CAGGCACTTC |
| UDI 008 | CGAACCGAGA | TCTCTCGCTT | AGGCGAGAGA |
| UDI 009 | GAGCCAAGTT | AGGCACCTTC | GAAGTGCCTT |
| UDI 010 | AAGGCCGTAG | CTGTTGGTAA | TTACCAACAG |
| UDI 011 | TTAGAGAAGC | GCTGGTACCT | AGGTACCAGC |
| UDI 012 | TCTAAGACCA | TAAGGAGCGG | CCGCTCCTTA |
| UDI 013 | TGTAACCACT | AATCGCTCCA | TGGAGCGATT |
| UDI 014 | CCGACACAAG | CTCCTAATTG | CAATTAGGAG |
| UDI 015 | CTCTGATGGC | GCCTCATAAT | ATTATGAGGC |
| UDI 016 | CGGCCTGTTA | TGTATTGAGC | GCTCAATACA |
| UDI 017 | TGCATAGCTT | AGCCATAACA | TGTTATGGCT |
| UDI 018 | AACCTTCTCG | CCACAAGTGG | CCACTTGTGG |
| UDI 019 | AAGAGATCAC | GTTATCACAC | GTGTGATAAC |
| UDI 020 | GCCTGAAGGA | TACCGTCTCT | AAGAACGGTA |

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Indices for entry on sample sheet

| Unique dual-index number | i7 bases for entry on sample sheet (all instruments) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (MiSeq, HiSeq 2000/2500, NovaSeq 6000) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (iSeq 100, MiniSeq, NextSeq, HiSeq X, HiSeq 3000/4000) |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| UDI 021 | ATTGTGCCTT | AGGCGTTAGG | CCTAACGCCT |
| UDI 022 | TCCTTACCG | CCGTAACGTC | GACGTTACGG |
| UDI 023 | TACCATGAAC | GTAATAGCCA | TGGCTATTAC |
| UDI 024 | CATTGGCAGA | TAGCGCCGAT | ATCGGCGCTA |
| UDI 025 | CACTGCTATT | CATTCTGGA | TCCAAGAATG |
| UDI 026 | AATGGTAGGT | ATGCAAGGTT | AACCTTGCAT |
| UDI 027 | GATACCTATG | CGCCAGACAA | TTGTCTGGCG |
| UDI 028 | CACTAGGTAC | GAAGGTTGGC | GCCAACCTTC |
| UDI 029 | AGCTCGTTCA | TCGCATCACG | CGTGATGCGA |
| UDI 030 | TGTCAGTCTT | CCGGTCATGA | TCATGACCGG |
| UDI 031 | GATGAACAGT | ATCACAAGC | GCTTGTGAAT |
| UDI 032 | ACAATCGGCG | CAACCTGTAA | TTACAGGTTG |
| UDI 033 | GATTGAGTTC | GCCAGTCGTT | AACGACTGGC |
| UDI 034 | GTAATGCCAA | TGCCTTGTCG | CGACAAGGCA |
| UDI 035 | TCGTTGCGCT | CTATCCGCTG | CAGCGGATAG |
| UDI 036 | AGGTGAGTAT | AATGCCGGAA | TTCCGGCATT |
| UDI 037 | TCGATAATGG | CGGTTATCCG | CGGATAACCG |
| UDI 038 | GCGTCTCTTC | GCGGAAGAGT | ACTCTTCCGC |
| UDI 039 | GTCTCCTGCA | TTGGTTAGTC | GACTAACCAA |
| UDI 040 | GAGCTTCATT | TTCAGTGTGA | TCACACTGAA |

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Indices for entry on sample sheet

| Unique dual-index number | i7 bases for entry on sample sheet (all instruments) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (MiSeq, HiSeq 2000/2500, NovaSeq 6000) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (iSeq 100, MiniSeq, NextSeq, HiSeq X, HiSeq 3000/4000) |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| UDI 041 | AGGCCTACAT | AGAATTCTGG | CCAGAATTCT |
| UDI 042 | TGTGGAACCG | CATTGACTCT | AGAGTCAATG |
| UDI 043 | CGTATTAAGC | GCGGCTTCAA | TTGAAGCCGC |
| UDI 044 | CCAGTGGTTA | TTATGGTCTC | GAGACCATAA |
| UDI 045 | GCGTTCGAGT | CGTAACCAGG | CCTGGTTACG |
| UDI 046 | CCTTCCGGTT | AGCTCAGATA | TATCTGAGCT |
| UDI 047 | CACAAGACGG | CCGGTGTAC | GTAACACCGG |
| UDI 048 | GCTTACACAC | GACCTAACCT | AGGTAGGTC |
| UDI 049 | AGGATGTCCA | TTGTAGAAGG | CCTTCTACAA |
| UDI 050 | CACCTTATGT | CCTAGCACTA | TAGTGCTAGG |
| UDI 051 | AAGCGGCTGT | ATCGTGTCT | AGAACACGAT |
| UDI 052 | TTCCTGTGAG | CCAACTTATC | GATAAGITGG |
| UDI 053 | AGTACAGTTC | GAAGCCAAGG | CCTTGGCTTC |
| UDI 054 | TACAGCCTCA | TGGAGTCAA | TTGAACTCCA |
| UDI 055 | GTTCTATTGG | CTTCAATCCT | AGGATTGAAG |
| UDI 056 | ATATACCGGT | ATCTTGC GTG | CACGCAAGAT |
| UDI 057 | CCTCGGAATG | CGTCTAAGGT | ACCTTAGACG |
| UDI 058 | GTTCTGGAAC | GAGGTGAACA | TGTTACCTC |
| UDI 059 | AGATTACCCA | TCAGAACTAC | GTAGTTCTGA |
| UDI 060 | TCGGTCAGAT | CGGATATTGA | TCAATATCCG |

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Indices for entry on sample sheet

| Unique dual-index number | i7 bases for entry on sample sheet (all instruments) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (MiSeq, HiSeq 2000/2500, NovaSeq 6000) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (iSeq 100, MiniSeq, NextSeq, HiSeq X, HiSeq 3000/4000) |
|--------------------------|--|---|---|
| UDI 061 | CACTCTCGCT | AGGAGTAGAT | ATCTACTCCT |
| UDI 062 | GTTGGTCCAG | CCGCCGAATA | TATTCGGCGG |
| UDI 063 | AGCTCGAAGC | GAGTCTATAC | GTATAGACTC |
| UDI 064 | AGAGGTTCTA | TTATTACCGG | CCGGTAATAA |
| UDI 065 | ATGACTCGAA | CGCTCGTTAG | CTAACGAGCG |
| UDI 066 | GAACAATCCT | AACAACGCTG | CAGCGTTGTT |
| UDI 067 | TGGCAAGGAG | CGCGGCTATT | AATAGCCGCG |
| UDI 068 | GAATATTGGC | GCTCGACACA | TGTGTGAGC |
| UDI 069 | CCGGAACCTA | TTCTCCAAC | GTTGGAAGAA |
| UDI 070 | ACTTGTCGG | TTGGCGGTTG | CAACCGCCAA |
| UDI 071 | CAAGTCCAAT | AACAGGCAAT | ATTGCCTGTT |
| UDI 072 | AACCGCAAGG | CAGAATGGCG | CGCCATTCTG |
| UDI 073 | ACGTTGACTC | GTTGAGATTC | GAATCTCAAC |
| UDI 074 | CCACTTAACA | TGTGTGCGGA | TCCGCACACA |
| UDI 075 | AGCAGTTCCT | GTTGCGCGAA | TTCGCCGAAC |
| UDI 076 | TCGCCTTCGT | AGCTGTATTG | CAATACAGCT |
| UDI 077 | TAGGACTGCG | CAGCGGATGA | TCATCCGCTG |
| UDI 078 | TCCGAGCGAA | GTCCTGGAT | ATCCAAGGAC |
| UDI 079 | TTCGTTGTT | TCTAGATGCT | AGCATCTAGA |
| UDI 080 | ACAGGAGGAA | CGAGCCACAT | ATGTGGCTCG |

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Indices for entry on sample sheet

| Unique dual-index number | i7 bases for entry on sample sheet (all instruments) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (MiSeq, HiSeq 2000/2500, NovaSeq 6000) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (iSeq 100, MiniSeq, NextSeq, HiSeq X, HiSeq 3000/4000) |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| UDI 081 | CCTCCATTAA | ATGGAATGGA | TCCATTCCAT |
| UDI 082 | AGTCGCGGTT | CATTCTCAC | GTGAGGAATG |
| UDI 083 | CTCATCCAGG | GCATAGGAAG | CTTCCTATGC |
| UDI 084 | TGTGGTTGAA | TGTTCTGTT | AACACGAACA |
| UDI 085 | TTATGCGTGG | TAAGACCGTT | AACGGTCTTA |
| UDI 086 | GCGAATGTAT | ATGGTACCAG | CTGGTACCAT |
| UDI 087 | GTCAAGCTCG | CCGACAGCTT | AAGCTGTCGG |
| UDI 088 | TAGAGTTGGA | GACGATATGA | TCATATCGTC |
| UDI 089 | CTGATGATCT | TTGTACTCCA | TGGAGTACAA |
| UDI 090 | ACTAGGTGTT | GTGCACATAA | TTATGTGCAC |
| UDI 091 | CTGTTAGCGG | AGGACAAGTA | TACTTGTCTT |
| UDI 092 | ATCGCACCAA | CCGATTGAG | CTCGAATCGG |
| UDI 093 | CTTACTTGGT | GTAGGAACTT | AAGTTCCTAC |
| UDI 094 | CCTTAATGCG | TACACTACGA | TCGTAGTGTA |
| UDI 095 | TCTCGCCTAG | ATGACCTTGA | TCAAGGTCAT |
| UDI 096 | TCTCAGAGA | CTACGTGACG | CGTCACGTAG |
| UDI 097 | TACCGGTGGT | AACAATCAGG | CCTGATTGTT |
| UDI 098 | AGGTGTTACG | CTGGTGTGCA | TGCACACCAG |
| UDI 099 | ACAGACCGAC | GCATATCCTT | AAGGATATGC |
| UDI 100 | CGAATACGTA | TGTCTGTAC | GTACAGGACA |

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Indices for entry on sample sheet

| Unique dual-index number | i7 bases for entry on sample sheet (all instruments) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (MiSeq, HiSeq 2000/2500, NovaSeq 6000) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (iSeq 100, MiniSeq, NextSeq, HiSeq X, HiSeq 3000/4000) |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| UDI 101 | TAGCATCGAT | AGAACGTCGC | GCGACGTTCT |
| UDI 102 | CCATGAGTCG | CACGGACTAG | CTAGTCCGTG |
| UDI 103 | ACTAACATGC | GTTGAACACT | AGTGTTC AAC |
| UDI 104 | ACACTCTCTA | TCGCGTGGTA | TACCACGCGA |
| UDI 105 | GCTCTTGCCCT | AGCCACTATG | CATAGTGGCT |
| UDI 106 | AATCTTGAGG | CCACCTACCA | TGGTAGGTGG |
| UDI 107 | CTTAACGGTC | GTTCCGGTGT | ACACCGGAAC |
| UDI 108 | TTGTGACCAA | TAGGTCTGAC | GTCAGACCTA |
| UDI 109 | TCACACACCT | AGGAAGCATT | AATGCTTCCT |
| UDI 110 | CTGCAATTAG | CCTTAGITGG | CCAAC TAAGG |
| UDI 111 | CTCCTTACTC | GTCCTATTCA | TGAATAGGAC |
| UDI 112 | GCAACGCAGA | TAAGATGGAC | GTCCATCTTA |
| UDI 113 | CCTTACCAAT | AGGCCATGGT | ACCATGGCCT |
| UDI 114 | TTAATCCTCG | CATTGGCCAA | TTGGCCAATG |
| UDI 115 | TTCCGAGTTC | GCTATGAATC | GATTCATAGC |
| UDI 116 | CTCGAGAGGA | TTGGTCCTCG | CGAGGACCAA |
| UDI 117 | TGTTGGCTGT | AGCGACATAC | GTATGTCGCT |
| UDI 118 | CGTATCTGCG | CAAGTAGTCT | AGACTACTTG |
| UDI 119 | CCATAGTATC | GTCAAGAAGA | TCTTCTTGAC |
| UDI 120 | TGGACAGTAA | TCCTGTTATG | CATAACAGGA |

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Indices for entry on sample sheet

| Unique dual-index number | i7 bases for entry on sample sheet (all instruments) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (MiSeq, HiSeq 2000/2500, NovaSeq 6000) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (iSeq 100, MiniSeq, NextSeq, HiSeq X, HiSeq 3000/4000) |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| UDI 121 | GTACCTGTT | AAGTGCATA | TATCGCACTT |
| UDI 122 | GAGTGCCTCT | AGGCTACACG | CGGTAGCCT |
| UDI 123 | TAAGTAGCGG | CTATATCGGC | GCCGATATAG |
| UDI 124 | CGTGGTGTT | GCTAAGGTAA | TTACCTTAGC |
| UDI 125 | CATTCTGAA | TAACCTGGTT | AACCAGGTTA |
| UDI 126 | AAGATGCATG | AGTTGGTCTA | TAGACCAACT |
| UDI 127 | CCTTGGAGCT | ATGCAGCTGG | CCAGCTGCAT |
| UDI 128 | ACCGAACAG | CGTTGCCITC | GAAGGCAACG |
| UDI 129 | GAATGGAAGC | GCGTGGAGAA | TTCTCCACGC |
| UDI 130 | GTTCTCCATA | TACGCCTCT | AGGAGGCGTA |
| UDI 131 | GTCACTATGT | AATTCGGTAG | CTACCGAATT |
| UDI 132 | TGGTAGAACT | ATTGTCGAAC | GTTGACAAT |
| UDI 133 | ACGCCTATGG | CAACCTTGCG | CGCAAGGTTG |
| UDI 134 | AATCCGTAC | GCACTGCGTA | TACGCAGTGC |
| UDI 135 | GTTGAGGCTA | TGCTAGTAGT | ACTACTAGCA |
| UDI 136 | TATCAACTGG | AAGTCACGGA | TCCGTGACTT |
| UDI 137 | AAGAGGAGAT | AGCGATTGAA | TTCAATCGCT |
| UDI 138 | GCTTCTCGG | CTACTCTCT | AGAGAGGTAG |
| UDI 139 | GAAGCCACTC | GACAACTGTC | GACAGTTGTC |
| UDI 140 | GTAGGACACA | TCCATTGCGG | CCGCAATGGA |

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Indices for entry on sample sheet

| Unique dual-index number | i7 bases for entry on sample sheet (all instruments) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (MiSeq, HiSeq 2000/2500, NovaSeq 6000) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (iSeq 100, MiniSeq, NextSeq, HiSeq X, HiSeq 3000/4000) |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| UDI 141 | CTCCTCGTAT | AGCCTCGCAA | TGCGAGGCT |
| UDI 142 | CCACATGATT | AATACAGGCT | AGCCTGTATT |
| UDI 143 | AGACGGTTGG | CGGACCGTTA | TAACGGTCCG |
| UDI 144 | CTAGGTTGAC | GCGCTTATGC | GCATAAGCGC |
| UDI 145 | AAGCGTACCA | TTAACACGAG | CTCGTGTTAA |
| UDI 146 | TCATGTTGGT | CGCCTCTAGA | TCTAGAGGCG |
| UDI 147 | TTGGAATGGT | AATCGACCTT | AAGGTCGATT |
| UDI 148 | GTGTATGTTG | CCGCAATAAC | GTTATTGCGG |
| UDI 149 | TCCTGTCAAC | GTTCCAACGA | TCGTTGGAAC |
| UDI 150 | TAATCAGGCA | TGTTAGACCG | CGGTCTAACA |
| UDI 151 | GTAGTGGATT | AACCTCATAG | CTATGAGGTT |
| UDI 152 | AATTGCGCAT | ATGAATCCAC | GTGGATTCAT |
| UDI 153 | GACAATAACG | CGGCTTAATT | AATTAAGCCG |
| UDI 154 | ACAGTTAAGC | GAGTTGCAGG | CCTGCAACTC |
| UDI 155 | AGCCACACTA | TCCACGAACA | TGTTCTGTTGA |
| UDI 156 | CAATCGTCTT | TGACGGAGGA | TCTCCGTCA |
| UDI 157 | AGGAGCTTGT | AATGAGTACG | CGTACTCATT |
| UDI 158 | TTGAGCGGAG | CGTCTCCGA | TCGGAAGACG |
| UDI 159 | AGTAGCTCTC | GACAGAGATT | AATCTCTGTC |
| UDI 160 | CACGCTGTCA | TTACGCTAAC | GTTAGCGTAA |

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Indices for entry on sample sheet

| Unique dual-index number | i7 bases for entry on sample sheet (all instruments) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (MiSeq, HiSeq 2000/2500, NovaSeq 6000) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (iSeq 100, MiniSeq, NextSeq, HiSeq X, HiSeq 3000/4000) |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| UDI 161 | AAGACCTCT | CTCCTCGAAG | CTTCGAGGAG |
| UDI 162 | GACCTCTCT | ATACCGCAGA | TCTGCGGTAT |
| UDI 163 | TACTTCCTTG | CCTATCTGAT | ATCAGATAGG |
| UDI 164 | TGCGATACGC | GATCGGTTAC | GTAACCGATC |
| UDI 165 | GCAGGCTTAA | TGGTGAGGTG | CACCTCACCA |
| UDI 166 | TAAGCTGTG | AACCGGCGTA | TACGCCGGTT |
| UDI 167 | ATGGTCCGCT | AATACCGATC | GATCGGTATT |
| UDI 168 | ATGTCAGAAG | CGATACTCAA | TTGAGTATCG |
| UDI 169 | GACGAAGGTC | GTAAGGCGGT | ACCGCCTTAC |
| UDI 170 | ATCACCGTGA | TTCAAGGTCG | CGACCTTGAA |
| UDI 171 | GCTACAGTGT | TATCCGAGTA | TACTCGGATA |
| UDI 172 | CGTCGAATAT | AGCGCGCTTA | TAAGCGCGCT |
| UDI 173 | CAACCATCGG | CCGGAGACAT | ATGTCTCCGG |
| UDI 174 | CGGTCCATTC | GAGATAACTG | CAGTTATCTC |
| UDI 175 | AGAAGAGCCA | TTGTAAGCGC | GCGCTTACAA |
| UDI 176 | CTATGCAATG | CAAGAGGAGG | CCTCCTCTTG |
| UDI 177 | CACTGAACCG | AACCTTAGGA | TCCTAAGGTT |
| UDI 178 | TACTGTGTGA | CTGGCAACTC | GAGTIGCCAG |
| UDI 179 | GCATTCTGTT | GAACCTGTTG | CAACAAGTTC |
| UDI 180 | CTCCGCTAAG | TGTGCAAGAT | ATCTGCACA |

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Indices for entry on sample sheet

| Unique dual-index number | i7 bases for entry on sample sheet (all instruments) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (MiSeq, HiSeq 2000/2500, NovaSeq 6000) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (iSeq 100, MiniSeq, NextSeq, HiSeq X, HiSeq 3000/4000) |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| UDI 181 | TCGCTTGAGA | AATCGAGAGA | TCTCTCGATT |
| UDI 182 | AACTAGCCTT | AGCGTGTGAG | CTGACACGCT |
| UDI 183 | TTCGCTCAGG | CTTGGTGATT | AATCACCAAG |
| UDI 184 | CTCTACAACA | GAAGCAGCAA | TTGCTGCTTC |
| UDI 185 | TGAGTGTGTT | TTCCGTCGAC | GTCGACGGAA |
| UDI 186 | TAGTTAGTCG | CGAGATGCCA | TGGCATCTCG |
| UDI 187 | GCCTGATCCT | AAGTTCGTGC | GCACGAACCT |
| UDI 188 | CGAGTACAGG | CGTCCATAAG | CCTATGGACG |
| UDI 189 | GCCTAGATTA | TTGTGGCATA | TATGCCACAA |
| UDI 190 | TCGGCACTGT | AGATCGGAAT | ATTCCGATCT |
| UDI 191 | CCGTGCAAGA | CATTCTACTG | CAGTAGAATG |
| UDI 192 | CTGGCTGGTT | ATCGCCGTAG | CTACGGCGAT |
| UDI 193 | CGTTAGGATT | ATCCTTACAC | GTGTAAGGAT |
| UDI 194 | TTCATTACG | CGCAAGGACT | AGTCCTTGCG |
| UDI 195 | TAGCGGTAAC | GCTGGCGTTA | TAACGCCAGC |
| UDI 196 | GTAGCCAGGA | TACTTAGAGG | CCTCTAAGTA |
| UDI 197 | AGGATACTCT | ATGGCGATGC | GCATCGCCAT |
| UDI 198 | TATCTCCAG | CATTGGTGCG | CGCACCAATG |
| UDI 199 | TAAGTCGTTT | GCGAGATATA | TATATCTCGC |
| UDI 200 | TCCGGATTGA | TGACTGCTAT | ATAGCAGTCA |

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Indices for entry on sample sheet

| Unique dual-index number | i7 bases for entry on sample sheet (all instruments) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (MiSeq, HiSeq 2000/2500, NovaSeq 6000) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (iSeq 100, MiniSeq, NextSeq, HiSeq X, HiSeq 3000/4000) |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| UDI 201 | ACGTCTGTT | AACGTCCGCT | AGCGGACGTT |
| UDI 202 | ATGAAGTGCG | CGCACATGTC | GACATGTGCG |
| UDI 203 | CGATCACTGC | GCACACCTGA | TCAGGTGTGC |
| UDI 204 | CCTATCGGAA | TTGTCCAGAG | CTCTGGACAA |
| UDI 205 | CAGAGAGCTT | AGCCTTCCTG | CAGGAAGGCT |
| UDI 206 | GCAACTTGCG | CCTTACGCCA | TGGCGTAAGG |
| UDI 207 | TATGGAGGAC | GAATACGTAC | GTACGTATTC |
| UDI 208 | TGAGATCAGA | TTGGCACCGT | ACGGTGCCAA |
| UDI 209 | TCAGCCTATT | ATTAGGTGGC | GCCACCTAAT |
| UDI 210 | GTTGTGAGCG | CGATCAAGAA | TTCTTGATCG |
| UDI 211 | TCAGTAACAC | GCTGTCTTCT | AGAAGACAGC |
| UDI 212 | AAGGCTCAGA | TACATGTCTG | CAGACATGTA |
| UDI 213 | GTGTGGTGGT | AACCAGTTGA | TCAACTGGTT |
| UDI 214 | CCGAGCTTAG | CCGGTAAGCT | AGCTTACCGG |
| UDI 215 | ATCACGCTTC | GTTCGAATAG | CTATTCGAAC |
| UDI 216 | TAGCTATGCA | TGTCAGGCTC | GAGCCTGACA |
| UDI 217 | TGTTCCCTCAT | CAACAGTGTT | AACACTGTTG |
| UDI 218 | CATACCTTCT | AAGAGAGGAA | TTCTTCTCTT |
| UDI 219 | GCCTTCAATG | CGGTTGTAGC | GCTACAACCG |
| UDI 220 | CTTGACCAGC | GCCTGAAGTG | CACTTCAGGC |

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Indices for entry on sample sheet

| Unique dual-index number | i7 bases for entry on sample sheet (all instruments) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (MiSeq, HiSeq 2000/2500, NovaSeq 6000) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (iSeq 100, MiniSeq, NextSeq, HiSeq X, HiSeq 3000/4000) |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| UDI 221 | CTACACACAA | TTACGACACT | AGTGTCGTAA |
| UDI 222 | TAGGCTGAAT | CGCCTAGATC | GATCTAGGCG |
| UDI 223 | TCGGAGTCTT | AATCTGGATG | CATCCAGATT |
| UDI 224 | AACATCGCGG | CGACGGTACA | TGTACCGTCG |
| UDI 225 | GTTGTCTTAC | GTAGTATTGC | GCAATACTAC |
| UDI 226 | GTGGCAACTA | TCCAGCGGAT | ATCCGCTGGA |
| UDI 227 | GAGCAGGCAT | CAACCACCTC | GAGGTGGTTG |
| UDI 228 | AACGGCACCT | AGCTTAGGCG | CGCCTAAGCT |
| UDI 229 | AGTAACCTTG | CCGGTTCCTT | AAGGAACCGG |
| UDI 230 | TTCATAAGC | GACATTGAAC | GTTCAATGTC |
| UDI 231 | TGCTTGCCAA | TTAGAGGCGA | TCGCCTCTAA |
| UDI 232 | CGGTTCTGT | CAAGCCGAAC | GTTCCGGCTTG |
| UDI 233 | CCAAGTAGAT | AGGAGAACGG | CCGTTCTCCT |
| UDI 234 | AAGGTTGGCG | CCTGTTAGAC | GTCTAACAGG |
| UDI 235 | TGCTCTGGTC | GTTCTACGTT | AACGTAGAAC |
| UDI 236 | ACTGTAACGA | TAAGTCCACA | TGTGGACTTA |
| UDI 237 | GATTCCAGGT | CAAGAACCAT | ATGGTTCCTG |
| UDI 238 | TTCACCAGAT | AGTTGATGAC | GTCATCAACT |
| UDI 239 | ACTTCCAAGG | CCTACTCTTG | CAAGAGTAGG |
| UDI 240 | CCGAATATTC | GAACAATCCA | TGGATTGTTT |

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Indices for entry on sample sheet

| Unique dual-index number | i7 bases for entry on sample sheet (all instruments) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (MiSeq, HiSeq 2000/2500, NovaSeq 6000) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (iSeq 100, MiniSeq, NextSeq, HiSeq X, HiSeq 3000/4000) |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| UDI 241 | CTCTATCCA | TTCTGTGGT | ACCAACAGAA |
| UDI 242 | TCACAGCGGT | CATCGTCAGG | CCTGACGATG |
| UDI 243 | CCTCTGTCGT | ATGCATGAAG | CTTCATGCAT |
| UDI 244 | TCTGTCTCG | CGTGAATCGC | GCGATTACCG |
| UDI 245 | GATACTCAC | GAGCAGCCTT | AAGGTGCTC |
| UDI 246 | AGTGCTGATA | TCGATTACCA | TGGTAATCGA |
| UDI 247 | ATCCTTCGGT | CAGTCCAATT | AATTGGACTG |
| UDI 248 | GACAACGATT | AGAGGCTTGG | CCAAGCCTCT |
| UDI 249 | GAACCGGTAG | CAGGCTCTCA | TGAGAGCCTG |
| UDI 250 | AGCAATGAGC | G TTCGCTCTC | GAGAGCGAAC |
| UDI 251 | CAAGACTCCA | TCGGACTAAT | ATTAGTCCGA |
| UDI 252 | ACCGTGTAGG | CGAGATCTTC | GAAGATCTCG |
| UDI 253 | AGGCACAGGT | ATAACCGGAC | GTCCGGTTAT |
| UDI 254 | CGACAGATCG | CGTGTAGTTA | TAACTACACG |
| UDI 255 | ACGCGACAAC | GAACATAGGT | ACCTATGTTT |
| UDI 256 | ACTTGCGTTA | TCTAACATCG | CGATGTTAGA |
| UDI 257 | CACCACTCAT | AACGGTGGCA | TGCCACCGTT |
| UDI 258 | CTTCGTAACT | AGGACGGTGT | ACACCGTCTT |
| UDI 259 | CAGTATTCGG | CTGTGACCTG | CAGGTCACAG |
| UDI 260 | CAGTCTGGAC | GCTGTAACAA | TGTTCACAGC |

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Indices for entry on sample sheet

| Unique dual-index number | i7 bases for entry on sample sheet (all instruments) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (MiSeq, HiSeq 2000/2500, NovaSeq 6000) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (iSeq 100, MiniSeq, NextSeq, HiSeq X, HiSeq 3000/4000) |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| UDI 261 | TACCGTTCTA | TACGGACGTC | GACGTCCGTA |
| UDI 262 | GTGTCCACAG | CCTAAGGAGC | GCTCCTTAGG |
| UDI 263 | TTACGACTGT | ATAAGGCCAG | CTGGCCTTAT |
| UDI 264 | GACGCGAATG | CTCATCTGTA | TACAGATGAG |
| UDI 265 | CAACGTACGC | GAAGGCATCT | AGATGCCTTC |
| UDI 266 | AGCTCAGGAA | TCTCTACTGC | GCAGTAGAGA |
| UDI 267 | GATAGGCGGT | AACCGAACAA | TTGTTCGGTT |
| UDI 268 | AGTAGGAAGT | ATCTCGCCAC | GTGGCGAGAT |
| UDI 269 | CATGTTGTAG | CCATGCAACG | CGTTGCATGG |
| UDI 270 | CACATTCTTC | GAATGGTGTA | TACACCATTC |
| UDI 271 | GCAGCTCGTA | TATATGCCGT | ACGGCATATA |
| UDI 272 | GTTCAGACGG | CTCGATAGAT | ATCTATCGAG |
| UDI 273 | TCCTGGAAGT | AACACAAGAG | CTCTTGTT |
| UDI 274 | GCATTGTTAG | CGCAATCGGT | ACCGATTGCG |
| UDI 275 | GACCTACAGC | GTTGCGTAGA | TCTACGCAAC |
| UDI 276 | CACCGACGTA | TAGAGTGATC | GATCACTCTA |
| UDI 277 | CTCTCACCTT | AAGACGCAGC | GCTGCGTCTT |
| UDI 278 | CTCGTTCATT | AACTTCTCGA | TCGAGAAGIT |
| UDI 279 | TGGTGGCAAAG | CGCAACTGAG | CTCAGTTGCG |
| UDI 280 | GATTGCTTGA | GCTCCGCAAT | ATTGCGGAGC |

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Indices for entry on sample sheet

| Unique dual-index number | i7 bases for entry on sample sheet (all instruments) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (MiSeq, HiSeq 2000/2500, NovaSeq 6000) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (iSeq 100, MiniSeq, NextSeq, HiSeq X, HiSeq 3000/4000) |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| UDI 281 | CCGTTAAGGT | GTAACCTCCG | CGGAAGTTAC |
| UDI 282 | TGCTGAGAGG | CTCACGACTA | TAGTCGTGAG |
| UDI 283 | TTGCTACTTG | AACCAACGGC | GCCGTGGTT |
| UDI 284 | GCTGTTATGT | CCTGCCTGTA | TACAGGCAGG |
| UDI 285 | GCAGCAGTTG | TACGCTGCAG | CTGCAGCGTA |
| UDI 286 | GCAGATCAAT | AATGTTGCGA | TCGCAACATT |
| UDI 287 | TGGTTCACGG | CGACGTCTG | CAGAACGTCG |
| UDI 288 | TCGACCGCAT | AATAGGACAC | GTGTCCTATT |
| UDI 289 | TAACCTAGGT | ATGTGCCTCA | TGAGGCACAT |
| UDI 290 | AACTCATGCG | CGACTCCGTT | AACGGAGTCG |
| UDI 291 | CCGGATGAAC | GCTGTTGTGG | CCACAACAGC |
| UDI 292 | CGTTGCCGTA | TACCAATCAC | GTGATTGGTA |
| UDI 293 | GCTCTACGGT | ATGTCTTACG | CGTAAGACAT |
| UDI 294 | TGCATTGGCG | CGCAACAATA | TATTGTTGCG |
| UDI 295 | CGATTGTGAC | GAACGAAGAC | GTCTTCGTT |
| UDI 296 | GACTGCACTA | TCGAGGACGT | ACGTCCTCGA |
| UDI 297 | GTAACTGCT | ATTATGAGCG | CGTCATAAT |
| UDI 298 | TCGGACCTTG | CGCGTTATAA | TTATAACGCG |
| UDI 299 | TGCAGCAAGC | GCGTGTCATGT | ACATGCACGC |
| UDI 300 | CACATGCGAA | TAAGCGGCTC | GAGCCGCTTA |

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Indices for entry on sample sheet

| Unique dual-index number | i7 bases for entry on sample sheet (all instruments) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (MiSeq, HiSeq 2000/2500, NovaSeq 6000) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (iSeq 100, MiniSeq, NextSeq, HiSeq X, HiSeq 3000/4000) |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| UDI 301 | CAGACGTAAT | AACATGGAGA | TCTCCATGTT |
| UDI 302 | ATTCGGTACG | CCGAGTCTCT | AGAGACTCGG |
| UDI 303 | TTAGCACGGC | GTACTIONTAC | GTAGAAGTAC |
| UDI 304 | GAGGATAGTA | TGTTACATG | CATGTGAACA |
| UDI 305 | AACTGTGGTT | AAGGTAACGC | GCGTTACCTT |
| UDI 306 | ATTACCTCGG | CCGCCTTACT | AGTAAGGCGG |
| UDI 307 | CGCTGTATAC | GTTGAGGCAG | CTGCCTCAAC |
| UDI 308 | CTTGCTCACA | TGGCGACCTA | TAGGTCGCCA |
| UDI 309 | CAACACCTGT | AGAAGCGACA | TGTCGCTTCT |
| UDI 310 | CAATTGCTCG | CAGGATAATC | GATTATCCTG |
| UDI 311 | CATAGACAAC | GCTCCTACAG | CTGTAGGAGC |
| UDI 312 | TTGGTGTCTA | TTCAACAGGT | ACCTGTTGAA |
| UDI 313 | TATGCCTGT | CCTCGTCCAT | ATGGACGAGG |
| UDI 314 | GCCAATTCGT | AGCGTTGGTT | AACCAACGCT |
| UDI 315 | TAGGCGATCG | CATTCGAACA | TGTTCGAATG |
| UDI 316 | ATGAGTGTAC | GCTTACCGAC | GTCGGTAAGC |
| UDI 317 | CCGAAGGATA | TTAGCTTAGG | CCTAAGCTAA |
| UDI 318 | AGTCCACTGT | CCGACACACA | TGTGTGTCGG |
| UDI 319 | GCGGCTAATT | ATTCGCTGAT | ATCAGCGAAT |
| UDI 320 | TCTAACTCAG | CCAAGAGGCA | TGCCTCTTGG |

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Indices for entry on sample sheet

| Unique dual-index number | i7 bases for entry on sample sheet (all instruments) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (MiSeq, HiSeq 2000/2500, NovaSeq 6000) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (iSeq 100, MiniSeq, NextSeq, HiSeq X, HiSeq 3000/4000) |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| UDI 321 | CAAGCTGAGC | GACGCAGTTC | GAAGTGCCTC |
| UDI 322 | CCAGAGCACA | TGGAAGTCGG | CCGAGTTCCA |
| UDI 323 | TGTACAAGGT | CCACACCAAT | ATTGGTGTGG |
| UDI 324 | TAGAATGCCT | AGTTCTCGGC | GCCGAGAACT |
| UDI 325 | TGTCTTACTG | CTTGACGACG | CGTCGTCAAG |
| UDI 326 | ATGACTAAGC | GAGGTCGCTA | TAGCGACCTC |
| UDI 327 | ATGTAGGCAA | TCAGTAGCAT | ATGCTACTGA |
| UDI 328 | GCGAAGAGGT | CTAACGTGGA | TCCACGTTAG |
| UDI 329 | CGGTGGTTCT | ATGCCAACCG | CGGTTGGCAT |
| UDI 330 | CTGTCGTTGG | CGGTCGATTC | GAATCGACCG |
| UDI 331 | TGATCGACAC | GAAGTACAGT | ACTGTACTTC |
| UDI 332 | CCACCAGCTA | TCTGCAGTAA | TTACTGCAGA |
| UDI 333 | CACGGTTCGT | CTATCCTAGC | GCTAGGATAG |
| UDI 334 | AGTGAGAGCT | AACACTCCTT | AAGGAGTGTT |
| UDI 335 | TTGCATGCGG | CCGAACCTAA | TTAGGTTCCG |
| UDI 336 | TATACGTGTC | GTCTAGTCGC | GCGACTAGAC |
| UDI 337 | TGACGCGTTA | TGGATGTACG | CGTACATCCA |
| UDI 338 | TACAGAACGT | CTACCAGCGT | ACGCTGGTAG |
| UDI 339 | CTTGTCAGGT | AAGGATTCAG | CTGAATCCTT |
| UDI 340 | ATCCACAGCG | CGAGGTGTGT | ACACACCTCG |

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Indices for entry on sample sheet

| Unique dual-index number | i7 bases for entry on sample sheet (all instruments) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (MiSeq, HiSeq 2000/2500, NovaSeq 6000) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (iSeq 100, MiniSeq, NextSeq, HiSeq X, HiSeq 3000/4000) |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| UDI 341 | CCTATCCATC | GTAGACGCTC | GAGCGTCTAC |
| UDI 342 | ACCGCGAGTA | TCGTCCGTCA | TGACGGACGA |
| UDI 343 | AAGTTCTGGT | CCGTGATAGG | CCTATCACGG |
| UDI 344 | ACAGGTATCG | AGGATGACCT | AGGTCATCCT |
| UDI 345 | ATGACGGATT | CCTCGAGTAC | GTACTIONGAGG |
| UDI 346 | GTCTGAGTAG | GTCACGTAGG | CCTCAGTGAC |
| UDI 347 | TGCCAGATGT | TACGGTTAGA | TCTAACCGTA |
| UDI 348 | GCTAAGCATT | CAACGAGAAT | ATTCTCGTTG |
| UDI 349 | ACAGCATGGT | AATACACCGG | CCGGTGTATT |
| UDI 350 | ATAGAGACCG | CCGATCCATC | GATGGATCGG |
| UDI 351 | ATATCGCGTA | GAATCTCGCT | AGCGAGATTC |
| UDI 352 | TTAAGGAGGT | TGACCGGCAA | TTGCCGGTCA |
| UDI 353 | CTGTGCGACT | CATGATAGCA | TGCTATCATG |
| UDI 354 | TCCGTATGCT | AACAGCTTCG | CGAAGCTGTT |
| UDI 355 | CCATCGATGT | CTAGTGCTTA | TAAGCACTAG |
| UDI 356 | GTGAGCCGTT | TGTGATACGT | ACGTATCACA |
| UDI 357 | TGCCGTTAAT | ATGAGCGTAT | ATACGCTCAT |
| UDI 358 | CGGATGTGGT | CTAGATATGG | CCATATCTAG |
| UDI 359 | TCGCGTGTGG | CGCTATGCTG | CAGCATAGCG |
| UDI 360 | CCGCGATCAT | TACTACGTGA | TCACGTAGTA |

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Indices for entry on sample sheet

| Unique dual-index number | i7 bases for entry on sample sheet (all instruments) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (MiSeq, HiSeq 2000/2500, NovaSeq 6000) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (iSeq 100, MiniSeq, NextSeq, HiSeq X, HiSeq 3000/4000) |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| UDI 361 | CGCGTTATCG | ATGTGGAGGT | ACCTCCACAT |
| UDI 362 | GTAGCCTCCT | CCATGGCTCA | TGAGCCATGG |
| UDI 363 | ACTAGACACT | CCAATCACGC | GCGTGATTGG |
| UDI 364 | CGATTCGTTG | TTAGATCCAG | CTGGATCTAA |
| UDI 365 | GAAGAGATGT | AGGAATATCG | CGATATTCCT |
| UDI 366 | AGATCCGACG | CCTCTATGT | ACATAGGAGG |
| UDI 367 | CCAGGACATT | TAGAGACACG | CGTGTCTCTA |
| UDI 368 | ACGTGGCATT | CCAGCTCAGT | ACTGAGCTGG |
| UDI 369 | AAGCAGGACG | ATGGCTCATA | TATGAGCCAT |
| UDI 370 | ACGAGTCGGT | CGGAGTGAAG | CTTCACTCCG |
| UDI 371 | AGTGACGCG | TACCTATGGT | ACCATAGGTA |
| UDI 372 | ACCGACCATT | ATGAGACAGT | ACTGTCTCAT |
| UDI 373 | TTGCTAACGT | CTAAGAGTTG | CAACTCTTAG |
| UDI 374 | CTTGATACTG | TAACCGTATG | CATACGGTTA |
| UDI 375 | CTGGATAAGT | AGAGTCCATG | CATGGACTCT |
| UDI 376 | ATAGCTTACG | CTAGACCGCA | TGCGGTCTAG |
| UDI 377 | GTCCATGAGT | TATGGCTTGT | ACAAGCCATA |
| UDI 378 | ACTCCAGTCG | CGTTGTTCTT | AGGAACAACG |
| UDI 379 | TCTCAGCACG | CCGACATTAG | CTAATGTCGG |
| UDI 380 | ATCGTGATGT | TGTGAAGGCA | TGCCTCACA |

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Indices for entry on sample sheet

| Unique dual-index number | i7 bases for entry on sample sheet (all instruments) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (MiSeq, HiSeq 2000/2500, NovaSeq 6000) | i5 bases for entry on sample sheet (iSeq 100, MiniSeq, NextSeq, HiSeq X, HiSeq 3000/4000) |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| UDI 381 | ACGCAATCCG | AGCATCGTCT | AGACGATGCT |
| UDI 382 | GAGATCGGCT | CCGACTAGGA | TCCTAGTCGG |
| UDI 383 | CTACGTCTCG | AACATTACCG | CGGTAATGTT |
| UDI 384 | CTCAGGCTGT | CCTAATTCGT | ACGAATTAGG |

Ordering Information

| Product | Contents | Cat. no. |
|------------------------------------|--|--|
| QIAseq xHYB (24) | For targeted enrichment from 24 microbial DNA samples. Kit contains reagents for first strand synthesis, second strand synthesis, ligation, library amplification, and hybrid capture. | 334502 334512 |
| QIAseq xHYB (96) | For targeted enrichment from 96 microbial DNA samples. Kit contains reagents for first strand synthesis, second strand synthesis, ligation, library amplification, and hybrid capture. | 334505 334525 334535 334545 334555 |
| Related products | | |
| QIAseq FX DNA Library UDI Kit (24) | Buffers and reagents for DNA fragmentation (including end repair and A-addition), ligation and library amplification; for use with Illumina instruments; includes a plate containing 24 Unique Dual Index Y-adapters. | 180477 |
| QIAseq FX DNA Library UDI Kit (96) | Buffers and reagents for DNA fragmentation (including end repair and A-addition), ligation, and library amplification; for use with Illumina instruments; includes a plate containing 96 Unique Dual Index Y-adapters. | 180479 180480 180481 180482 |

| Product | Contents | Cat. no. |
|------------------------------------|--|----------|
| QIAseq Library Quant Array Kit | Reagents for quantification of libraries prepared for Illumina or Ion Torrent® platforms; array format | 333304 |
| QIAseq Library Quant Assay Kit | Reagents for quantification of libraries prepared for Illumina or Ion Torrent platforms; assay format | 333314 |
| DNeasy PowerSoil Pro Kit (50) | For the isolation of microbial genomic DNA from all soil types | 47014 |
| QIAamp PowerFecal Pro DNA Kit (50) | For the isolation of DNA from stool, gut material, and biosolids | 51804 |
| QIAamp DNA Microbiome Kit (50) | For isolation of bacterial microbiome DNA from mixed samples | 51704 |

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Document Revision History

| Date | Changes |
|-----------|--|
| June 2024 | Initial release |
| July 2024 | Updated the cat no. from 1124798 to 1124978 of QIAseq xHYB (95) Box 3 in Kit contents. Updated the cross-referencing of Tables 2 (page 19), 3 (page 20), 4 (page 22), and 9 (page 30). |

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