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QIAseq[®] FastSelect[™] Epidemiology Handbook

Removal of human and bacterial rRNA for
RNA-seq applications

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Kit Contents

QIAseq FastSelect Epidemiology Kit	(24)	(96)	(384)
Catalog no.	333272	333275	333277
Number of reactions	24	96	384
FastSelect -rRNA HMR	3 x 12 µl	120 µl	4 x 120 µl
FastSelect 5S/16S/23S	3 x 8 µl	96 µl	4 x 96 µl
FastSelect FH Buffer	3 x 12 µl	144 µl	4 x 144 µl
Nuclease-free Water	1 tube	1 tube	1 tube
QIAseq Beads	10 ml	10 ml	10 ml
QIAseq Bead Binding Buffer	10.2 ml	10.2 ml	10.2 ml

Shipping and Storage

The QIAseq FastSelect Epidemiology Kit is shipped in multiple boxes on blue ice.

- Upon receipt, the FastSelect -rRNA HMR box can be stored at -30 to -15°C .
- The FastSelect 5S/16S/23S box should be opened and the QIAseq FastSelect 5S/16S/23S tube(s) should be immediately stored at -30 to -15°C in a constant-temperature freezer.
- All remaining components (Nuclease-free Water, FastSelect FH Buffer, and QIAseq Beads) should immediately be stored in a refrigerator at 2 – 8°C .
- Do not freeze QIAseq Beads.

Intended Use

The QIAseq FastSelect Epidemiology Kit is intended for molecular biology applications. This product is not intended for the diagnosis, prevention, or treatment of a disease.

All due care and attention should be exercised in the handling of the products. We recommend all users of QIAGEN® products to adhere to the NIH guidelines that have been developed for recombinant DNA experiments, or to other applicable guidelines.

Safety Information

When working with chemicals, always wear a suitable lab coat, disposable gloves, and protective goggles. For more information, please consult the appropriate safety data sheets (SDSs). These are available online in convenient and compact PDF format at www.qiagen.com/safety where you can find, view, and print the SDS for each QIAGEN kit and kit component.

Quality Control

In accordance with QIAGEN's ISO-certified Quality Management System, each lot of the QIAseq FastSelect Epidemiology Kit is tested against predetermined specifications to ensure consistent product quality.

Introduction

RNA-focused next-generation sequencing (NGS) enables a thorough investigation of both coding and noncoding RNAs. While transcriptome-wide RNA-seq library preparation is being performed, significantly overrepresented RNAs (such as ribosomal RNA [rRNA]) must be avoided to facilitate optimal read allocation. Epidemiological research or “dual RNA-seq” presents a unique challenge for rRNA depletion, due to the need to simultaneously deplete both human/mouse/rat rRNA and complex, diverse prokaryotic rRNA sequences.

QIAseq FastSelect Epidemiology is a human/mouse/rat rRNA and pan-bacterial rRNA-removal kit designed to selectively remove rRNA from complex samples. As a result, QIAseq FastSelect Epidemiology provides an optimal solution for epidemiological RNA-seq analyses.

Principle and procedure

QIAseq FastSelect Epidemiology is an inline solution for the removal of unwanted human/mouse/rat and bacterial rRNAs during NGS library preparation; the protocol takes approximately one hour. This technology works by inhibiting reverse transcription of human/mouse/rat and bacterial rRNA, even in difficult samples such as formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded (FFPE) samples. Simply combine the FastSelect reagent to the RNA sample, heat-fragment the sample (if necessary), cool the reaction from 75°C to 25°C over 14 min, perform a bead-base cleanup, and continue with the first-strand synthesis of the library prep procedure (Figure 1).

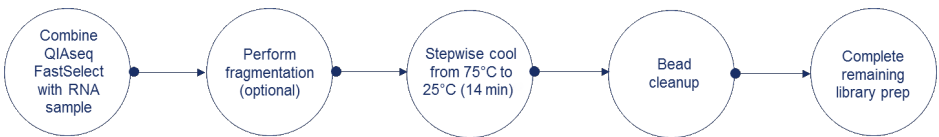


Figure 1. QIAseq FastSelect Epidemiology workflow.

QIAseq FastSelect: Stranded RNA-seq library kit and sample-type compatibility

QIAseq FastSelect has been tested to be compatible with a variety of commercially available stranded RNA library prep kits provided by QIAGEN, Illumina®, New England Biolabs®, and Roche®, and works across a broad RNA input range. In general, QIAseq FastSelect is compatible with any RNA library prep kit. For questions regarding protocols for kits that are not detailed in the handbook, please contact QIAGEN technical support at **support.qiagen.com**.

Regarding samples, QIAseq FastSelect has been verified to be compatible with a variety of total RNA samples isolated from single-species bacterial clones and/or complex meta-bacterial samples, cells, fresh/frozen tissue, FFPE tissue, whole blood, and serum/plasma samples, including exosomes.

Equipment and Reagents to Be Supplied by User

When working with chemicals, always wear a suitable lab coat, disposable gloves, and protective goggles. For more information, consult the appropriate safety data sheets (SDSs) available from the product supplier.

- 80% ethanol (made fresh daily)*
- Nuclease-free pipette tips and tubes
- Microcentrifuge tubes (1.5–2 ml)
- PCR tubes (0.2 ml individual tubes or tubes strips) (VWR cat. no. 20170-012 or 93001-118) or plates
- Ice
- Microcentrifuge
- Thermal cycler
- Magnet for bead cleanups
 - **Tubes:** MagneSphere® Technology Magnetic Separation Stand (Promega cat. no. Z5342)
 - **Plates:** DynaMag™-96 Side Magnet (Thermo Fisher Scientific cat. no. 12331D)

* Do not use denatured alcohol, which contains other substances, such as methanol or methylethylketone.

Important Notes

- QIAseq FastSelect Epidemiology is an inline solution for the removal of unwanted human/mouse/rat and bacterial rRNAs during NGS library preparation. The total RNA input is defined by the range of total RNA input dictated by the stranded RNA library kit. For example, the QIAseq Stranded Total RNA Lib Kit (cat. no. 180743 or 180745) has a total RNA input range of 100 ng – 1 µg. As a result, you would start with 100 ng – 1 µg into the FastSelect reaction.
- FastSelect FH Buffer has been optimized for both the fragmentation of total RNA as well as the hybridization of the FastSelect reagent for its intended targets. It should not be replaced by a different buffer.
- FastSelect 5S/16S/23S will appear cloudy. This is completely normal and not a cause for concern. Incubate at 37°C for 5 min and then vortex to dissolve the precipitate.
- We highly recommend DNase treatment (on-column or in-solution) of total RNA samples.
- As part of each protocol, RNA fragmentation conditions are listed for high-quality RNA (RIN ≥8). If working with RNA with RIN values <8, please refer to Table 1 for fragmentation recommendations. These conditions have been worked out using synthetically fragmented RNA, so they should be used as a general guideline.
Note: Regardless of the specific fragmentation condition, the temperature ramp-down steps (steps 2–9 in Table 3, Table 6, Table 8, Table 10, or Table 13) need to be performed. They need to be performed whether the RNA is high quality, moderate quality, FFPE, or degraded.

Table 1. Fragmentation conditions based on RIN values of input RNA*

RIN value of input RNA	Mean insert size ~175–225 bp	Mean insert size ~275–325 bp
≥8	89°C, 8 min	89°C, 5.5 min
6–7	89°C, 6 min	89°C, 4.5 min
4–5	89°C, 4 min	89°C, 3 min
3	89°C, 2 min	89°C, 2 min
≤2	No fragmentation	No fragmentation

* Regardless of the specific fragmentation condition, the temperature ramp-down steps (steps 2–9 in Table 3, Table 8, or Table 10) need to be performed. They need to be performed whether the RNA is high quality, moderate quality, FFPE, or degraded.

- A convenient stopping point in the FastSelect workflow is at the end of the bead cleanup. The samples can be stored at –90 to –65°C in a constant-temperature freezer.
- It is not possible to test the efficiency of the FastSelect reaction by running a portion of the eluate from the bead cleanup on a Bioanalyzer®, TapeStation®, Fragment Analyzer®, etc. FastSelect works by inhibiting reverse transcription of human and bacterial rRNA, which does not occur until the first-strand synthesis reaction during library prep.
- The rRNA removal imparted by QIAseq FastSelect is extremely robust, especially when compared to other methods. We recommend to prepare libraries and use the standard protocol for library preparation unless specifically noted in the handbook.
- If the yield of the library is less than other methods, this is often caused by the increased removal of RNA imparted by the QIAseq FastSelect method and is normal. In our experience, adding 2 cycles of library amplification is usually sufficient to increase library yield for all downstream quantification and sequencing applications.
- Depending on the RNA-seq kit and RNA input amounts, adapter–dimers may be observed. If this happens, we recommend that you perform a second bead-based cleanup reaction of the final library.

Protocol: QIAseq FastSelect Epidemiology with the QIAseq Stranded RNA Lib Kit

Important points before starting

- The QIAseq Stranded RNA Lib Kit UDI (cat. no. 180450, 180451, 180452, 180453, or 180454) is required for use with this protocol. For more information, please refer to the *QIAseq Stranded RNA Library Kit Handbook* available at www.qiagen.com/HB-2465.
- This protocol has been tested with 100 ng – 1 µg of total RNA.
- **Note:** FastSelect 5S/16S/23S will appear cloudy. This is completely normal and not a cause for concern. The procedure begins with a step to dissolve the precipitate.
- **Important:** Prepare fresh 80% ethanol daily.
- Prewarm QIAseq Beads and Bead Binding Buffer to room temperature (15–25°C) prior to use. Ensure that the QIAseq Beads are thoroughly mixed at all times: work quickly and resuspend the beads immediately before use. If a delay in the protocol occurs, simply vortex the beads.
- **Important:** For library amplification with the QIAseq Stranded RNA Lib Kit, 2 additional cycles of library amplification must be performed.

Procedure

1. Thaw template RNA on ice. Gently mix, briefly centrifuge to collect residual liquid from the sides of the tubes, and then return to ice.
2. Prepare the reagents required for the RNA fragmentation and QIAseq FastSelect rRNA removal:
 - 2a. Bring FastSelect -rRNA HMR, FastSelect 5S/16S/23S, FastSelect FH Buffer, and Nuclease-free Water to room temperature.
 - 2b. **Important:** Only for FastSelect 5S/16S/23S, incubate the tube at 37°C for 5 min, and then vortex to dissolve the precipitate.
 - 2c. Mix all other reagents vigorously by vortexing, and then briefly centrifuge.
3. On ice, prepare the fragmentation/depletion reaction according to Table 2. Briefly centrifuge, mix by pipetting up and down 10 times, and then centrifuge briefly again.

Note: If setting up more than one reaction, prepare a volume of master mix that is 10% greater than the required amount for the total number of reactions.

Table 2. Setup of fragmentation/depletion reactions

Component	Volume/reaction
Total RNA (100 ng – 1 µg)	Variable
FastSelect FH Buffer	1.5 µl
FastSelect -rRNA HMR	1 µl
FastSelect 5S/16S/23S	1 µl
Nuclease-free Water	Bring total reaction volume to 15 µl
Total volume	15 µl

4. Incubate as described in Table 3.

Important: Regardless of the time and temperature chosen in step 1, steps 2–9 must be performed.

Table 3. Combined QIAseq fragmentation and FastSelect hybridization protocol

Note	Step	Mean insert size ~175–225 bp
	1*†	8 min at 89°C*†
	2	2 min at 75°C
	3	2 min at 70°C
Steps 2–9 are performed regardless of input RNA quality. They need to be performed whether the RNA is high quality, moderate quality, FFPE, or degraded.	4	2 min at 65°C
	5	2 min at 60°C
	6	2 min at 55°C
	7	2 min at 37°C
	8	2 min at 25°C
	9	Hold at 4°C

* For high-quality RNA (RIN ≥ 8), 8 min at 89°C is the basic recommendation. Alternatively, 4 min at 89°C provides an average insert size of ~325–375 bp, and 12 min at 89°C provides an average insert size of ~125–175 bp.

† If working with RNA with RIN values < 8 , please refer to Table 1 for fragmentation recommendations.

5. Add 19.5 μl QIAseq Beads (prewarmed to room temperature and mixed by vortexing) to the 15 μl reaction. Mix thoroughly by vortexing, and then incubate for 5 min at room temperature.
6. Centrifuge in a table-top centrifuge until the beads are completely pelleted (~2 min).
7. Place the tubes/plate on a magnetic rack for 2 min. Once the solution has cleared, with the beads still on the magnetic stand, carefully remove and discard the supernatant.

Note: You can completely avoid transferring beads by pipetting very slowly.

Important: Do not discard the beads, because they contain the RNA of interest.
8. Add 15 μl of Nuclease-free Water and 19.5 μl of QIAseq Bead Binding Buffer (prewarmed to room temperature and mixed by vortexing). Mix vigorously by vortexing, and then incubate for 5 min at room temperature.
9. Centrifuge in a table-top centrifuge until the beads are completely pelleted (~2 min).

10. Place the tubes/plate on a magnetic rack for 2 min. Once the solution has cleared, with the beads still on the magnetic stand, carefully remove and discard the supernatant.
Note: You can completely avoid transferring beads by pipetting very slowly.
Important: Do not discard the beads, because they contain the RNA of interest.
11. With the beads still on the magnetic stand, add 200 μ l of 80% ethanol. Wait for 30 s. Carefully remove and discard the wash.
12. Repeat the ethanol wash.
Important: Completely remove all traces of ethanol after this second wash. Remove the ethanol with a 200 μ l pipette tip first, and then use a 10 μ l pipette tip to remove any residual ethanol that will settle.
13. With the beads still on the magnetic stand, air-dry at room temperature for 6–10 min until all liquid has evaporated but without overdrying the beads.
Note: Visually inspect the pellet to confirm that it is completely dry.
14. Remove the beads from the magnetic stand, and elute the RNA from the beads by adding 31 μ l Nuclease-free Water. Mix well by pipetting or vortexing, and then allow the tubes to sit at room temperature for 2 min to appropriately hydrate the beads.
15. Return the tubes/plate to the magnetic rack until the solution has cleared.
16. Transfer 29 μ l of the supernatant to clean tubes/plate. Alternatively, the samples can be stored at -90 to -65°C in a constant-temperature freezer.
17. Set up the first-strand synthesis associated with the QIAseq Stranded RNA Lib Kit as described in Table 4. Briefly centrifuge, mix by pipetting up and down 10 times, and then centrifuge briefly again.

Table 4. QIAseq Stranded Total RNA Lib Kit first-stranded synthesis setup

Component	Volume/reaction
RNA from bead cleanup reaction	29 μ l
RT Buffer, 5x*	8 μ l
Diluted DTT (0.4 M)*	1 μ l
RT Enzyme*	1 μ l
RNase Inhibitor*	1 μ l
Total volume	40 μl

* All designated components are from the QIAseq Stranded Total RNA Lib Kit.

18. Refer to the *QIAseq Stranded RNA Library Kit Handbook* and immediately proceed to and perform the first-strand protocol incubation in “Protocol: First-strand Synthesis”.
19. Follow the *QIAseq Stranded RNA Library Kit Handbook* to perform all remaining library construction steps.

IMPORTANT



For library amplification, 2 additional cycles of library amplification must be performed.

Protocol: QIAseq FastSelect Epidemiology with Illumina Stranded Total RNA Prep

Important points before starting

- The Illumina Stranded Total RNA Prep (Illumina cat. no. 20040525, 20040529) is required for use with this protocol.

Note: Follow the steps outlined below before proceeding to the designated step in the *Illumina Stranded Total RNA Prep Ligation Reference Guide* (1000000124514 v02). By doing this, a stranded total RNA library prep will be performed.

- **Note:** FastSelect 5S/16S/23S will appear cloudy. This is completely normal and not a cause for concern. The procedure begins with a step to dissolve the precipitate.
- **Important:** Prepare fresh 80% ethanol daily.
- Prewarm QIAseq Beads and Bead Binding Buffer to room temperature prior to use. Ensure that the QIAseq Beads are thoroughly mixed at all times: work quickly and resuspend the beads immediately before use. If a delay in the protocol occurs, simply vortex the beads.
- **Important:** It is recommended to test dilution of the Illumina anchors 2-fold compared to what is suggested in the default Illumina protocol.

Procedure

1. Thaw template RNA on ice. Gently mix, briefly centrifuge to collect residual liquid from the sides of the tubes, and then return to ice.
2. Prepare the reagents required for the RNA fragmentation and QIAseq FastSelect rRNA removal:
 - 2a. Bring FastSelect 5S/16S/23S, FastSelect FH Buffer, FastSelect -rRNA HMR, and Nuclease-free Water to room temperature.
 - 2b. **Important:** Only for FastSelect 5S/16S/23S, incubate the tube at 37°C for 5 min, and then vortex to dissolve the precipitate.
 - 2c. Mix all other reagents vigorously by vortexing, and then briefly centrifuge.
3. On ice, prepare the fragmentation/depletion reaction according to Table 5. Briefly centrifuge, mix by pipetting up and down 10 times, and then centrifuge briefly again.
Note: If setting up more than one reaction, prepare a volume of master mix 10% greater than that required for the total number of reactions.

Table 5. Setup of fragmentation/depletion reactions

Component	Volume/reaction
Total RNA (100 ng – 1 µg)	Variable
FastSelect FH Buffer	1.5 µl
FastSelect -rRNA HMR	1 µl
FastSelect 5S/16S/23S	1 µl
Nuclease-free Water	Bring total reaction volume to 15 µl
Total volume	15 µl

4. Incubate as described in Table 6.
Important: Regardless of time and temperature chosen in step 1, steps 2–9 must be performed.

Table 6. Combined QIAseq fragmentation and FastSelect hybridization protocol

Note	Step	Mean insert size ~175–225 bp
RNA fragmentation	1*†	8 min at 89°C*†
Steps 2–9 are performed, regardless of Input RNA quality. They need to be performed whether the RNA is high quality, moderate quality, FFPE, or degraded.	2	2 min at 75°C
	3	2 min at 70°C
	4	2 min at 65°C
	5	2 min at 60°C
	6	2 min at 55°C
	7	2 min at 37°C
	8	2 min at 25°C
	9	Hold at 4°C

* For high-quality RNA (RIN ≥ 8), 8 min at 89°C is the basic recommendation. Alternatively, 4 min at 89°C provides an average insert size of ~325–375 bp, and 12 min at 89°C provides an average insert size of ~125–175 bp.

† If working with RNA with RIN values < 8 , please refer to Table 1 for fragmentation recommendations.

5. Add 19.5 μ l QIAseq Beads (prewarmed to room temperature and mixed by vortexing) to the 15 μ l reaction. Mix thoroughly by vortexing, and incubate for 5 min at room temperature.
6. Centrifuge in a table-top centrifuge until the beads are completely pelleted (~2 min).
7. Place the tubes/plate on a magnetic rack for 2 min. Once the solution has cleared, with the beads still on the magnetic stand, carefully remove and discard the supernatant.

Note: You can completely avoid transferring beads by pipetting very slowly.

Important: Do not discard the beads, because they contain the RNA of interest.
8. Add 15 μ l of Nuclease-free Water and 19.5 μ l of QIAseq Bead Binding Buffer. Mix thoroughly by vortexing, and incubate for 5 min at room temperature.
9. Centrifuge in a table-top centrifuge until the beads are completely pelleted (~2 min).
10. Place the tubes/plate on a magnetic rack for 2 min. Once the solution has cleared, with the beads still on the magnetic stand, carefully remove and discard the supernatant.

Note: You can completely avoid transferring beads by pipetting very slowly.

Important: Do not discard the beads, because they contain the RNA of interest.

11. With the beads still on the magnetic stand, add 200 μ l of 80% ethanol. Wait for 30 s. Carefully remove and discard the wash.
12. Repeat the ethanol wash.
Important: Completely remove all traces of ethanol after this second wash. Remove the ethanol with a 200 μ l pipette tip first, and then use a 10 μ l pipette tip to remove any residual ethanol that will settle.
13. With the beads still on the magnetic stand, air-dry at room temperature for 6–10 min until all liquid has evaporated but without overdrying the beads.
Note: Visually inspect the pellet to confirm that it is completely dry.
14. Remove the beads from the magnetic stand, and elute the RNA from the beads by adding 10.5 μ l ELB. Mix well by pipetting or vortexing, and then allow the tubes to sit at room temperature for 2 min to appropriately hydrate the beads.
Note: ELB is a component from the Illumina Stranded Total RNA Prep.
15. Return the tubes/plate to the magnetic rack until the solution has cleared.
16. Transfer 8.5 μ l of the supernatant to clean tubes/plate. Alternatively, the samples can be stored at -90 to -65°C in a constant-temperature freezer.
17. From the Illumina Stranded Total RNA Prep, add 8.5 μ l EPH3 to the 8.5 μ l of supernatant, briefly centrifuge, and pipet up and down 10 times to mix.
Important: Do not perform DEN_RNA program. The RNA has already been fragmented above.
Note: EPH3 is a component from the Illumina Stranded Total RNA Prep.
18. Refer to the *Illumina Stranded Total RNA Prep Reference Guide* and immediately proceed to and perform “Synthesize First Strand cDNA”.
19. Follow the *Illumina Stranded Total RNA Prep Reference Guide* to perform all remaining library construction steps.

IMPORTANT

It is recommended to test dilution of the Illumina anchors 2-fold compared to what is suggested in the default Illumina protocol.

Protocol: QIAseq FastSelect Epidemiology with TruSeq Stranded Library Preparation

Important points before starting

- The TruSeq® Stranded mRNA Library Prep (Illumina cat. no. 20020594, 20020595) is required for use with this protocol.

Note: With this protocol, do not perform mRNA purification. Instead, follow the steps outlined below before proceeding to the designated step in the *TruSeq Stranded mRNA Reference Guide* (1000000040498). By doing this, a stranded total RNA library prep will be performed.

- This protocol has been tested with 100 ng – 1 µg of total RNA.
- **Note:** FastSelect 5S/16S/23S will appear cloudy. This is completely normal and not a cause for concern. The procedure begins with a step to dissolve the precipitate.
- **Important:** Prepare fresh 80% ethanol daily.
- Prewarm QIAseq Beads and Bead Binding Buffer to room temperature prior to use. Ensure that the QIAseq Beads are thoroughly mixed at all times: work quickly and resuspend the beads immediately before use. If a delay in the protocol occurs, simply vortex the beads.
- **Important:** When performing TruSeq library prep, it is highly recommended to dilute the Illumina adapters 2-fold compared to what is suggested in the default Illumina protocol.

Procedure

1. Thaw template RNA on ice. Gently mix, briefly centrifuge to collect residual liquid from the sides of the tubes, and then return to ice.
2. Prepare the reagents required for the RNA fragmentation and QIAseq FastSelect rRNA removal:
 - 2a. Bring FastSelect -rRNA HMR, FastSelect 5S/16S/23S, FastSelect FH Buffer, and Nuclease-free Water to room temperature.
 - 2b. **Important:** Only for FastSelect 5S/16S/23S, incubate the tube at 37°C for 5 min, and then vortex to dissolve the precipitate.
 - 2c. Mix all other reagents vigorously by vortexing, and then briefly centrifuge.
3. On ice, prepare the fragmentation/depletion reaction according to Table 7. Briefly centrifuge, mix by pipetting up and down 10 times, and then centrifuge briefly again.
Note: If setting up more than one reaction, prepare a volume of master mix 10% greater than that required for the total number of reactions.

Table 7. Setup of fragmentation/depletion reactions

Component	Volume/reaction
Total RNA (100 ng – 1 µg)	Variable
FastSelect FH Buffer	1.5 µl
FastSelect -rRNA HMR	1 µl
FastSelect 5S/16S/23S	1 µl
Nuclease-free Water	Bring total reaction volume to 15 µl
Total volume	15 µl

4. Incubate as described in Table 8.

Important: Regardless of time and temperature chosen in step 1, steps 2–9 must be performed.

Table 8. Combined QIAseq fragmentation and FastSelect hybridization protocol

Note	Step	Mean insert size ~175–225 bp
RNA fragmentation	1*†	8 min at 89°C*†
Steps 2–9 are performed, regardless of Input RNA quality. They need to be performed whether the RNA is high quality, moderate quality, FFPE, or degraded.	2	2 min at 75°C
	3	2 min at 70°C
	4	2 min at 65°C
	5	2 min at 60°C
	6	2 min at 55°C
	7	2 min at 37°C
	8	2 min at 25°C
	9	Hold at 4°C

* For high-quality RNA (RIN ≥ 8), 8 min at 89°C is the basic recommendation. Alternatively, 4 min at 89°C provides an average insert size of ~325–375 bp, and 12 min at 89°C provides an average insert size of ~125–175 bp.

† If working with RNA with RIN values < 8 , please refer to Table 1 for fragmentation recommendations.

5. Add 19.5 μ l QIAseq Beads (prewarmed to room temperature and mixed by vortexing) to the 15 μ l reaction. Mix thoroughly by vortexing, and incubate for 5 min at room temperature.
6. Centrifuge in a table-top centrifuge until the beads are completely pelleted (~2 min).
7. Place the tubes/plate on a magnetic rack for 2 min. Once the solution has cleared, with the beads still on the magnetic stand, carefully remove and discard the supernatant.

Note: You can completely avoid transferring beads by pipetting very slowly.

Important: Do not discard the beads, because they contain the RNA of interest.
8. Add 15 μ l of Nuclease-free Water and 19.5 μ l of QIAseq Bead Binding Buffer. Mix thoroughly by vortexing, and incubate for 5 min at room temperature.
9. Centrifuge in a table-top centrifuge until the beads are completely pelleted (~2 min).
10. Place the tubes/plate on a magnetic rack for 2 min. Once the solution has cleared, with the beads still on the magnetic stand, carefully remove and discard the supernatant.

Note: You can completely avoid transferring beads by pipetting very slowly.

Important: Do not discard the beads, because they contain the RNA of interest.

11. With the beads still on the magnetic stand, add 200 μ l of 80% ethanol. Wait for 30 s. Carefully remove and discard the wash.

12. Repeat the ethanol wash.

Important: Completely remove all traces of ethanol after this second wash. Remove the ethanol with a 200 μ l pipette tip first, and then use a 10 μ l pipette tip to remove any residual ethanol that will settle.

13. With the beads still on the magnetic stand, air-dry at room temperature for 6–10 min until all liquid has evaporated but without overdrying the beads.

Note: Visually inspect the pellet to confirm that it is completely dry.

14. Remove the beads from the magnetic stand, and elute the RNA from the beads by adding 19 μ l FPF Buffer. Mix well by pipetting or vortexing, and then allow the tubes to sit at room temperature for 2 min to appropriately hydrate the beads.

Note: FPF Buffer is a component from the TruSeq Stranded mRNA Library Prep.

15. Return the tubes/plate to the magnetic rack until the solution has cleared.

16. Transfer 17 μ l of the supernatant to clean tubes/plate. Alternatively, the samples can be stored at -90 to -65°C in a constant-temperature freezer.

17. Refer to the *TruSeq Stranded mRNA Reference Guide* and immediately proceed to and perform “Synthesize First Strand cDNA”.

Note: From the *TruSeq Stranded mRNA Reference Guide*, the procedural step “Place the RBP plate on the magnetic stand and wait until the liquid is clear (~5 minutes)” is not applicable.

18. Follow the *TruSeq Stranded mRNA Reference Guide* to perform all remaining library construction steps.

IMPORTANT



It is highly recommended to dilute the Illumina adapters 2-fold compared to what is suggested in the default Illumina protocol.

Protocol: QIAseq FastSelect Epidemiology with the NEBNext Ultra II Directional Library Prep Kit

Important points before starting

- The NEBNext® Ultra™ II Directional RNA Library Prep Kit for Illumina (New England Biolabs cat. no. E7760S, E7760L) is required for use with this protocol. For more information, refer to the *NEBNext Ultra II Directional RNA Library Prep Kit for Illumina Instruction Manual* (Version 2.2_05/19).
- This protocol has been tested with 20 ng – 1 µg of total RNA.
- **Note:** FastSelect 5S/16S/23S will appear cloudy. This is completely normal and not a cause for concern. The procedure begins with a step to dissolve the precipitate.
- **Important:** Prepare fresh 80% ethanol daily.
- Prewarm QIAseq Beads and Bead Binding Buffer to room temperature prior to use. Ensure that the QIAseq Beads are thoroughly mixed at all times: work quickly and resuspend the beads immediately before use. If a delay in the protocol occurs, simply vortex the beads.

Procedure

1. Thaw template RNA on ice. Mix gently, centrifuge briefly to collect residual liquid from the sides of the tubes, and return to ice.
2. Prepare the reagents required for RNA fragmentation and QIAseq FastSelect rRNA removal:
 - 2a. Bring FastSelect -rRNA HMR, FastSelect 5S/16S/23S, FastSelect FH Buffer, and Nuclease-free Water to room temperature.
 - 2b. **Important:** Only for FastSelect 5S/16S/23S, incubate the tube at 37°C for 5 min, and then vortex to dissolve the precipitate.
 - 2c. Mix all other reagents vigorously by vortexing, and then briefly centrifuge.

3. On ice, prepare the fragmentation/depletion reaction according to Table 9. Briefly centrifuge, mix by pipetting up and down 10 times, and then centrifuge briefly again.

Note: If setting up more than one reaction, prepare a volume of master mix 10% greater than that required for the total number of reactions.

Table 9. Setup of fragmentation/depletion reactions

Component	Volume/reaction
Total RNA (20 ng – 1 µg)	Variable
FastSelect FH Buffer	1.5 µl
FastSelect -rRNA HMR	1 µl
FastSelect 5S/16S/23S	1 µl
Nuclease-free Water	Bring total reaction volume to 15 µl
Total volume	15 µl

4. Incubate as described in Table 10.

Important: Regardless of time and temperature chosen in step 1, steps 2–9 must be performed.

Table 10. Combined QIAseq fragmentation and FastSelect hybridization protocol

Note	Step	Mean insert size ~175–225 bp
RNA fragmentation	1 ^{*†}	8 min at 89°C ^{*†}
	2	2 min at 75°C
	3	2 min at 70°C
	4	2 min at 65°C
	5	2 min at 60°C
	6	2 min at 55°C
	7	2 min at 37°C
	8	2 min at 25°C
	9	Hold at 4°C

* For high-quality RNA (RIN ≥8), 8 min at 89°C is the basic recommendation. Alternatively, 4 min at 89°C provides an average insert size of ~325–375 bp, and 12 min at 89°C provides an average insert size of ~125–175 bp.

† If working with RNA with RIN values <8, please refer to Table 1 for fragmentation recommendations.

5. Add 19.5 μ l QIAseq Beads (prewarmed to room temperature and mixed by vortexing) to the 15 μ l reaction. Mix thoroughly by vortexing, and incubate for 5 min at room temperature.
6. Centrifuge in a table-top centrifuge until the beads are completely pelleted (~2 min).
7. Place the tubes/plate on a magnetic rack for 2 min. Once the solution has cleared, with the beads still on the magnetic stand, carefully remove and discard the supernatant.
Note: You can completely avoid transferring beads by pipetting very slowly.
Important: Do not discard the beads, because they contain the RNA of interest.
8. Add 15 μ l of Nuclease-free Water and 19.5 μ l of QIAseq Bead Binding Buffer (prewarmed to room temperature and mixed by vortexing). Mix vigorously by vortexing, and incubate for 5 min at room temperature.
9. Centrifuge in a table-top centrifuge until the beads are completely pelleted (~2 min).
10. Place the tubes/plate on a magnetic rack for 2 min. Once the solution has cleared, with the beads still on the magnetic stand, carefully remove and discard the supernatant.
Note: You can completely avoid transferring beads by pipetting very slowly.
Important: Do not discard the beads, because they contain the RNA of interest.
11. With the beads still on the magnetic stand, add 200 μ l of 80% ethanol. Wait 30 s. Carefully remove and discard the wash.
12. Repeat the ethanol wash.
Important: Completely remove all traces of ethanol after this second wash. Remove the ethanol with a 200 μ l pipette tip first, and then use a 10 μ l pipette tip to remove any residual ethanol that will settle.
13. With the beads still on the magnetic stand, air-dry at room temperature for 6–10 min until all liquid has evaporated but without overdrying the beads.
Note: Visually inspect the pellet to confirm that it is completely dry.
14. Remove the beads from the magnetic stand, and elute the RNA from the beads by adding 7 μ l Nuclease-free Water. Mix well by pipetting or vortexing, and then allow the tubes to sit at room temperature for 2 min to appropriately hydrate the beads.
15. Return the tubes/plate to the magnetic rack until the solution has cleared.

16. Transfer 5 μ l of the supernatant to clean tubes/plate. Alternatively, the samples can be stored at -90 to -65°C in a constant-temperature freezer.
17. Set up the first-strand synthesis associated with the NEBNext Ultra II Directional RNA Library Prep Kit as described in Table 11. Briefly centrifuge, mix by pipetting up and down 10 times, and then centrifuge briefly again.

Table 11. NEBNext Ultra II Directional RNA Library Prep Kit first-stranded synthesis setup

Component	Volume/reaction
RNA from bead cleanup reaction	5 μ l
(lilac) NEBNext First Strand Synthesis Reaction Buffer*	4 μ l
(lilac) Random Primers*	1 μ l
(brown) NEBNext Strand Specificity Reagent*	8 μ l
(lilac) NEBNext First Strand Synthesis Enzyme Mix*	2 μ l
Total volume	20 μl

* All designated components are from the NEBNext Ultra II Directional RNA Library Prep Kit.

18. Refer to the *NEBNext Ultra II Directional RNA Library Prep Kit for Illumina Instruction Manual* and immediately proceed to and perform step 4.2.3 under “First Strand cDNA Synthesis Reaction”.
19. Follow the *NEBNext Ultra II Directional RNA Library Prep Kit for Illumina Instruction Manual* to perform all remaining library construction steps.

IMPORTANT



If starting with 20 ng or less of total RNA, 2 additional cycles of library amplification must be performed.

Protocol: QIAseq FastSelect Epidemiology with the KAPA[®] RNA HyperPrep Kit

Important points before starting

- The KAPA RNA HyperPrep Kit (Roche cat. no. KK8540, KK8541) is required for use with this protocol. For more information, refer to the *KAPA RNA HyperPrep Kit Technical Data Sheet* (KR1350 – v2.17).
- This protocol has been tested with 25 ng – 1 µg of total RNA.
- **Note:** FastSelect 5S/16S/23S will appear cloudy. This is completely normal and not a cause for concern. The procedure begins with a step to dissolve the precipitate.
- **Important:** Prepare fresh 80% ethanol daily.
- Prewarm QIAseq Beads and Bead Binding Buffer to room temperature prior to use. Ensure that the QIAseq Beads are thoroughly mixed at all times: work quickly and resuspend the beads immediately before use. If a delay in the protocol occurs, simply vortex the beads.
- **Important:** When performing KAPA library prep, it is highly recommended to dilute the KAPA adapters 1.5-fold compared to what is suggested in the default KAPA protocol.

Procedure

1. Thaw template RNA on ice. Gently mix, briefly centrifuge to collect residual liquid from the sides of the tubes, and return to ice.
2. Prepare reagents required for RNA fragmentation and QIAseq FastSelect rRNA removal:
 - 2a. Bring FastSelect -rRNA HMR, FastSelect 5S/16S/23S, FastSelect FH Buffer, and Nuclease-free Water to room temperature.
 - 2b. **Important:** Only for FastSelect 5S/16S/23S, incubate the tube at 37°C for 5 min, and then vortex to dissolve the precipitate.
 - 2c. Mix all other reagents vigorously by vortexing, and then briefly centrifuge.

3. On ice, prepare the fragmentation/depletion reaction according to Table 12. Briefly centrifuge, mix by pipetting up and down 10 times, and centrifuge briefly again.

Note: If setting up more than one reaction, prepare a volume of master mix that is 10% greater than the required amount for the total number of reactions.

Table 12. Setup of fragmentation/depletion reactions

Component	Volume/reaction
Total RNA (25 ng – 1 µg)	Variable
FastSelect FH Buffer	1.5 µl
FastSelect -rRNA HMR	1 µl
FastSelect 5S/16S/23S	1 µl
Nuclease-free Water	Bring total reaction volume to 15 µl
Total volume	15 µl

4. Incubate as described in Table 13.

Important: Regardless of the time and temperature chosen in step 1, steps 2–9 must be performed.

Table 13. Combined QIAseq fragmentation and FastSelect hybridization protocol

Input RNA quality	Step	Mean insert size ~175–225 bp
RNA fragmentation	1*†	8 min at 89°C*†
Steps 2–9 are performed regardless of input RNA quality. They need to be performed whether the RNA is high quality, moderate quality, FFPE, or degraded.	2	2 min at 75°C
	3	2 min at 70°C
	4	2 min at 65°C
	5	2 min at 60°C
	6	2 min at 55°C
	7	2 min at 37°C
	8	2 min at 25°C
	9	Hold at 4°C

* For high-quality RNA (RIN ≥8), 8 min at 89°C is the basic recommendation. Alternatively, 4 min at 89°C provides an average insert size of ~325–375 bp, and 12 min at 89°C provides an average insert size of ~125–175 bp.

† If working with RNA with RIN values <8, please refer to Table 1 for fragmentation recommendations.

5. Add 19.5 μ l QIAseq Beads (prewarmed to room temperature and mixed by vortexing) to the 15 μ l reaction. Mix thoroughly by vortexing, and then incubate for 5 min at room temperature.
6. Centrifuge in a table-top centrifuge until the beads are completely pelleted (~2 min).
7. Place the tubes/plate on a magnetic rack for 2 min. Once the solution has cleared, with the beads still on the magnetic stand, carefully remove and discard the supernatant.
Note: You can completely avoid transferring beads by pipetting very slowly.
Important: Do not discard the beads, because they contain the RNA of interest.
8. Add 15 μ l of Nuclease-free Water and 19.5 μ l of QIAseq NGS Bead Binding Buffer (prewarmed to room temperature and mixed by vortexing). Mix vigorously by vortexing, and then incubate for 5 min at room temperature.
9. Centrifuge in a table-top centrifuge until the beads are completely pelleted (~2 min).
10. Place the tubes/plate on a magnetic rack for 2 min. Once the solution has cleared, with the beads still on the magnetic stand, carefully remove and discard the supernatant.
Note: You can completely avoid transferring beads by pipetting very slowly.
Important: Do not discard the beads, because they contain the RNA of interest.
11. With the beads still on the magnetic stand, add 200 μ l of 80% ethanol. Wait for 30 s. Carefully remove and discard the wash.
12. Repeat the ethanol wash.
Important: Completely remove all traces of ethanol after this second wash. Remove the ethanol with a 200 μ l pipette tip first, and then use a 10 μ l pipettor to remove any residual ethanol that will settle.
13. With the beads still on the magnetic stand, air-dry at room temperature for 6–10 min, until all liquid has evaporated but without overdrying the beads.
Note: Visually inspect the pellet to confirm that it is completely dry.

14. Remove the beads from the magnetic stand, and elute the DNA from the beads by adding 12 μ l Nuclease-free Water + 10 μ l Fragment, Prime and Elute Buffer (2x). Mix well by pipetting or vortexing, and then allow the tubes to sit at room temperature for 2 min to appropriately hydrate the beads.

Note: The Fragment, Prime and Elute Buffer (2x) is from the KAPA RNA HyperPrep Kit.

15. Return the tube/plate to the magnetic rack until the solution has cleared.
16. Transfer 20 μ l of the supernatant, which is the “Fragmented, primed RNA” to clean tubes/plate. Alternatively, the samples can be stored at -90 to -65°C in a constant-temperature freezer.
17. Refer to the *KAPA RNA HyperPrep Kit Technical Data Sheet* and proceed directly to “1st Strand Synthesis”, section 3 in v2.17, and perform step 3.1.

Note: There is no need to perform steps 2.2, 2.3, and 2.4, because the RNA has already been fragmented during the FastSelect procedure.

18. Follow the *KAPA RNA HyperPrep Kit Technical Data Sheet* to perform all remaining library construction steps.

IMPORTANT



It is highly recommended to dilute the KAPA adapters 1.5-fold compared to what is suggested in the default KAPA protocol.

Troubleshooting Guide

This troubleshooting guide may be helpful in solving any problems that may arise. For more information, see also the Frequently Asked Questions page at our Technical Support Center: www.qiagen.com/FAQ/FAQList.aspx. The scientists in QIAGEN Technical Services are always happy to answer any questions you may have about either the information and/or protocols in this handbook or sample and assay technologies (for contact information, visit www.qiagen.com).

Comments and suggestions

I don't know how long to fragment my RNA

The fragmentation time is dependent on the desired insert size.

For high-quality RNA (RIN ≥ 8), 8 min at 89°C is recommended. Using different types of RNA with RIN values ≥ 8 , we expect 4 min at 89°C to provide an average insert size of ~325–375 bp, and 12 min at 89°C provides an average insert size of ~125–175 bp. For additional recommendations, please refer to Table 1.

Adapter-dimer observed in final library QC

Depending on kit and RNA input amount, adapter-dimers may be observed.

Perform a second cleanup reaction of the final library.

Library yield is lower than expected

The rRNA removal imparted by QIAseq FastSelect is extremely robust, especially when compared to other methods.

Unless otherwise noted, we recommend to amplify the libraries using the number of cycles suggested by the chosen library prep kit, which is based on the starting amount of total RNA. If the yield is too low, adding 2 cycles is usually sufficient to increase library yield for all downstream quantification and sequencing applications.

I don't know how to quantitate my final NGS library

Various methods exist to quantitate the final NGS library.

In general, we highly recommend using a qPCR method with a standard curve. While Qubit[®], TapeStation, and Bioanalyzer are convenient, they are highly variable and subject to limitations such as peak width, salts and oligos, and other leftover reagents during library construction. While convenient and often used during a standard workflow to save time, these methods fail to quantitate the part of the library that will cluster effectively on your flow cell. As an alternative to qPCR, a low pass sequencing reaction can also be used.

Ordering Information

Product	Contents	Cat. no.
QIAseq FastSelect Epidemiology Kit	Human/mouse/rat cytoplasmic and mitochondrial rRNA removal reagent, bacteria rRNA removal reagent, fragmentation/hybridization reagent, QIAseq Beads; available in 24, 96, or 384 reactions	333272 333275 333277
QIAseq Stranded RNA Library UDI Kits		
QIAseq Stranded RNA Lib Kit UDI-A (96)	For 96 stranded RNA-seq sequencing library prep reactions: buffers and reagents for fragmentation, reverse transcription, second-strand synthesis + end-repair + A-addition, adapter ligation, CleanStart PCR enrichment, and QIAseq Beads; for library cleanups for use with Illumina instruments; includes a plate containing 96 adapters with different barcodes (pierceable foil seal allowing usage of defined parts of the plate)	180451
QIAseq Stranded RNA Lib Kit UDI-B (96)	For 96 stranded RNA-seq sequencing library prep reactions: buffers and reagents for fragmentation, reverse transcription, second-strand synthesis + end-repair + A-addition, adapter ligation, CleanStart PCR enrichment and QIAseq Beads; for library cleanups for use with Illumina instruments; includes a plate containing	180452

Product	Contents	Cat. no.
QIAseq Stranded RNA Lib Kit UDI-C (96)	96 adapters with different barcodes (pierceable foil seal allowing usage of defined parts of the plate) For 96 stranded RNA-seq sequencing library prep reactions: buffers and reagents for fragmentation, reverse transcription, second-strand synthesis + end-repair + A-addition, adapter ligation, CleanStart PCR enrichment and QIAseq Beads; for library cleanups for use with Illumina instruments; includes a plate containing 96 adapters with different barcodes (pierceable foil seal allowing usage of defined parts of the plate)	180453
QIAseq Stranded RNA Lib Kit UDI-D (96)	For 96 stranded RNA-seq sequencing library prep reactions: buffers and reagents for fragmentation, reverse transcription, second-strand synthesis + end-repair + A-addition, adapter ligation, CleanStart PCR enrichment and QIAseq Beads; for library cleanups for use with Illumina instruments; includes a plate containing 96 adapters with different barcodes (pierceable foil seal allowing usage of defined parts of the plate)	180454
QIAseq Stranded RNA Lib Kit UDI (24)	For 24 stranded RNA-seq sequencing library prep reactions: buffers and reagents for fragmentation, reverse transcription, second-strand synthesis + end-repair + A-addition, adapter	180450

Product	Contents	Cat. no.
	ligation, CleanStart PCR enrichment and QIAseq Beads; for library cleanups for use with Illumina instruments; includes a plate containing 96 adapters with different barcodes (pierceable foil seal allowing usage of defined parts of the plate)	

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Document Revision History

Date	Changes
10/2021	Initial release

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Notes

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